FINANCIAL REPORT

AS OF AND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022



12700 SW 72nd Ave. Tigard, OR 97223

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

As of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2022

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE NUMBER
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	I-VIII
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	4
Statement of Activities	5
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	6
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds to the	_
Statement of Net Position	7
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –	0
Governmental Funds	8
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	0
In Fund Balances – Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	9
Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds	10
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position –	10
Proprietary Funds	11
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds	12
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	13
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	14
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	15
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Schedule of Funding Progress	55
Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and	5.0
Schedule of Contributions	56
Major Governmental Funds Schodula of Povernus Expanditures and Changes in Fund Palanees Pudget and Actua	1
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances –Budget and Actua General Fund	57
Road Fund	58
Community Development Fund	59
Sheriff's Office Fund	60
Health Fund	61
Capital Asset Reserve Fund	62
Justice Center Project Fund	63
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Combining Balance Sheet – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	64
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund	
Balance – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	65
Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	
Clerk's Reserves	66
COCC Education Center	67

TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

	PAGE
GUIDRI EL (EL ITA DI LA DICONIA TIONIA (GONETIA IL IED.)	<u>NUMBEF</u>
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (CONTINUED)	
Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	(0
Court Security	68
Taylor Grazing	69 70
Video Lottery	70
Mental Health A&D and Developmental Disabilities	71
Special Transportation	72 72
Special Projects on Federal Lands	73
Veterans Enhancement Program	74
Library	75 7 5
County Surveyor	76 7 7
County School Fund	77 - 3
Tourism Discretionary Funds	78
Fairgrounds Operation	79
Agriculture Extension District	80
Agriculture Extension Building Maintenance	81
Agriculture Extension Capital Reserve	82
Historical Museum	83
Historical Building Reserve	84
Nonmajor Capital Projects Funds	
Crook County Airport Project	85
Belknap Museum Project	86
Nonmajor Debt Service Funds	
General Obligation Bond	87
Full Faith and Credit Bond	88
Proprietary Funds	
Proprietary Funds	
Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actu	ıal
Landfill	89
Airport Operations	90
Weed Control	91
Facilities	92
Other Financial Schedules	
Schedule of Property Tax Transactions	
All Taxing Districts with the County	93
REPORTS REQUIRED BY FEDERAL AND STATE REGULATIONS	
Independent Auditor's Report Required by Oregon State Regulations	94
Grant Compliance	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	96
Report on Internal Controls over Financial Reports and on Compliance and	
Other Maters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in	
Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	97

TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONTINUED)

	PAGE <u>NUMBER</u>
Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Program	
And Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	99
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	102

County Court Members

Name and Address	Term Expires
Seth Crawford, County Judge	December 2024
Jerry Brummer, County Commissioner	December 2024
Brian Barney, County Commissioner	December 2026

Elected Officials

Name	<u>Position</u>	<u>Term Expires</u>
Jon Soliz	County Assessor	December 2022
Cheryl Seely	County Clerk	December 2022
Kari Hathorn	County District Attorney	December 2024
John Gautney	County Sheriff	December 2024
Galan Carter	County Treasurer	December 2022
Greg Kelso	County Surveyor	December 2022

Board Members receive mail at the County address listed below:

300 NE 3rd Street Prineville, OR 97754

FINANCIAL SECTION



February 27, 2023

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

County Commissioners Crook County Prineville, Oregon

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Crook County, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Crook County, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Crook County to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Change in Accounting Principle

The County adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 87- Leases during the fiscal year under audit. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Crook County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Crook County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Crook County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CRF) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary

information, as listed in the table of contents, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the other information, as listed in the table of contents, the introductory, statistical, and the compliance and other reports sections as listed in the table of contents, and the listing of court members containing their term expiration dates, located before the table of contents, but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 27, 2023 on our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

In accordance with Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have issued our report dated February 27, 2023, on our consideration of compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

Kenny Allen, CPA

PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C.

1 ale

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2022

As management of Crook County, we offer readers of Crook County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Crook County as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

Financial Highlights

- Total assets and deferred outflows of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows by \$83,708,793 as of June 30, 2022. Of this amount, \$30,104,719 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the County's on-going obligations to citizens and creditors, compared to unrestricted net position of \$25,191,323 as of June 30, 2021.
- The County's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$92,947,873 an increase of \$45,318,904 from June 30, 2021. Approximately thirty-four percent, \$31,459,356, is available for spending at the County's discretion (assigned and unassigned fund balance), sixty-five percent, \$60,031,464 is restricted and two percent, \$1,457,053 is inventory and considered unspendable.
- County General Fund
 - The General Fund's fund balance was \$4,559,381 as of June 30, 2022, an increase of \$401,687.
 - Fund balance is fifty-one percent of the General Fund's expenditures at year end which is 6.1 months of General Fund expenditures. The County needs an adequate amount of carryover to cover its expenditures until November when it begins receiving property taxes. Property taxes make up about twenty percent of the Fund's revenue.
- Noncurrent liabilities were \$68,371,074 as of June 30, 2022, compared to noncurrent liabilities of \$28,592,731 as of June 30, 2021. The increase was primarily due to the issuance of the General Obligation Bond for the construction of the Justice Center and renovation of the Courthouse.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Crook County's basic financial statements. These basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements.

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Crook County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of Crook County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Crook County is improving or deteriorating.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2022

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how Crook County's net position changed during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Changes in net position are reported when the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash, or other financial assets, flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items, for example, property taxes and accrued compensated leave, which will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Each of these government-wide financial statements, *Statement of Net Position* and *Statement of Activities*, distinguish functions of Crook County that are supported primarily by taxes and inter-governmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all, or a significant portion of, their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of Crook County include general government, highways and streets, public safety, health and welfare, and culture and education. The business-type activities of Crook County include landfill, airport and weed control.

The government-wide financial statements include one county service district, Crook County Agricultural Extension Service District. This entity is legally separate but is included as a blended component unit based on the criteria described in the Notes to Financial Statements (Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies). Requests for copies of the separately issued financial statements for the District should be addressed to Crook County, 300 NE Third Street, Prineville, OR 97754.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages <u>4-5</u> of this report.

Fund financial statements.

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Crook County, like other state and local government entities, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Each of the funds of Crook County is classified in one of three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds or fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. *Governmental funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. A reconciliation from the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Government-wide Statement of Net Position and a reconciliation from the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Government-wide Statement of Activities have been included in this report.

Crook County reported activity in twenty-eight individual governmental funds for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds Balance Sheet and in the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances for the General Fund and the County's major funds (Road, Sheriff's Office, Health, and Reserve). Data from all other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual data for each of these

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2022

non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements in the "Other Supplementary Information" section of this report and in the budget to actual comparison schedules.

Crook County adopts an annual budget for each of its funds and a budgetary comparison statement has been provided for each to demonstrate compliance with its annual budget.

The Basic Governmental Fund Financial Statements can be found on pages <u>6-9</u> of this report.

Proprietary funds. Crook County maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Crook County uses enterprise funds to account for its landfill, airport and weed control operations. An internal service fund is an accounting device to accumulate and allocate costs internally among Crook County's functions. Crook County uses an internal service fund to account for facilities services. Because these services predominantly benefit governmental rather than business-type functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the governmental-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds financial statements provide similar, but more detailed, information as the government-wide financial statements. Individual fund budgetary data for the enterprise funds and internal service fund is provided in the "Other Supplementary Information" section of this report and in the budget to actual comparison schedules.

The Basic Proprietary Funds Financial Statements can be found on pages 10-13 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds, all of which are agency funds, are used to account for resources held for the benefit of third parties. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support Crook County's own programs.

The Fiduciary Fund Statement can be found on pages 14.

<u>Notes to the financial statements.</u> The notes provide additional information that is essential to an understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 15 of this report.

<u>Other information</u>. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents as required supplementary information, the budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and major special revenue funds. Required supplementary information begins on page 55.

The combining statements referred to above in connection with non-major governmental funds and internal service funds are presented in the "Other Supplementary Information" section of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Net position, at a specific point in time, serves as a useful indicator of an entity's financial position. In the case of Crook County, assets and deferred outflows exceed liabilities and deferred inflows by \$83,708,793 at June 30, 2022.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2022

Thirty-nine percent of Crook County's net position represents its investment in capital assets (land, infrastructure, buildings and equipment) less the related outstanding debt issued to acquire those capital assets. Crook County uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens and this portion of net position is not available for future spending. Although Crook County's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, as the capital assets will not be liquidated to service the debt. Crook County's net position restricted for use in its road maintenance, debt service and grant programs requirements total \$20,669,100, twenty-five percent of the net position. The remaining thirty-six percent, \$30,104,719, of Crook County's net position may be used to meet the County's on-going obligations to citizens and creditors.

As of June 30, 2022, Crook County reports positive balances in all three categories of net position (capital assets net of debt, restricted and unrestricted) for the government as a whole and for the governmental activities. The net position for the business-type activities are positive for capital assets, net of related debt and restricted for debt service and positive in the unrestricted category.

CROOK COUNTY'S NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities			Business-type Activities			Total		
	Jur	ne 30,		June 30,			June 30,		
	2022		2021	2022		2021	2022		2021
Assets other than capital assets Capital assets Total assets	\$ 107,315,622 36,029,961 143,345,583	\$	51,799,488 34,446,832 86,246,321	\$ 12,986,734 18,642,059 31,628,793	\$	6,099,326 18,397,319 24,496,646	\$ 120,302,356 54,672,020 174,974,376	\$	57,898,814 52,844,152 110,742,966
Total assets	143,343,363		80,240,321	31,026,793		24,490,040	1/4,9/4,3/0		110,742,900
Deferred outflows of resources	2,813,549		1,974,887	-		-	2,813,549		1,974,887
Current liabilities	8,567,423		4,686,625	847,845		486,676	9,415,268		5,173,300
Noncurrent liabilities	59,844,753		18,922,217	8,526,321		9,670,513	68,371,074		28,592,731
Total liabilities	68,412,176		23,608,842	9,374,166		10,157,189	77,786,342		33,766,031
Deferred inflows of resources	9,185,838		623,397	7,106,952		-	16,292,790		623,397
Net position									
Net investment in capital assets	20,043,795		19,980,918	12,891,179		12,504,934	32,934,974		32,485,852
Restricted	20,669,100		20,651,251	-		-	20,669,100		20,651,251
Unrestricted	27,848,223		23,356,800	2,256,496		1,834,523	30,104,719		25,191,323
Net position	\$ 68,561,118	\$	63,988,969	\$ 15,147,675	\$	14,339,457	\$ 83,708,793	\$	78,328,425

Crook County's net position increased by \$5,380,369 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2022

CHANGES DUE TO GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

The net position of governmental activities increased by \$4,572,151. This is mainly due to the sale of County-owned property and a reduction in General government expenses which partially offset an increase in Public Safety expenses.

CHANGES DUE TO BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES

The net position of business-type activities increased by \$808,218. This is mainly due to increased activity at the Landfill during the year resulting in increased charges for services revenue.

CROOK COUNTY'S SUMMARIZED STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

	Governmental Activities			Business-type	e Activities	Total		
	2022	2021		2022	2021	2022	2021	
Program revenues:								
Charges for services Operating grants and	\$ 10,520,704	14,132,659	\$	3,353,341	\$ 3,148,766	\$ 13,874,045	\$ 17,281,425	
contributions	16,230,942	17,455,325		8,841	129,674	16,239,783	17,584,999	
Capital grants and	225 770	2 201 020				225 550	2 201 020	
contributions	335,778	2,281,838		-	-	335,778	2,281,838	
General revenues:	11 105 111	10 644 504				11.107.111	10 644 504	
Property taxes	11,197,111	10,644,594		-	-	11,197,111	10,644,594	
Other taxes	2,854,112	2,699,967		-	-	2,854,112	2,699,967	
Investment revenue	(144,567)							
Miscellaneous	1,712,128	359,628		317,795	39,028	173,228	398,656	
Total revenues	42,706,208	47,574,012		3,679,977	3,317,468	44,674,057	50,891,480	
Expenses:								
General government	10,650,360	11,872,307		-	-	10,650,360	11,872,307	
Highways and streets	4,450,242	4,173,725		-	-	4,450,242	4,173,725	
Public safety	12,986,645	11,439,955		-	-	12,986,645	11,439,955	
Health and welfare	6,330,749	6,483,175		-	-	6,330,749	6,483,175	
Culture and education	3,458,588	3,534,493		-	-	3,458,588	3,534,493	
Interest on long-term debt	209,474	552,040		243,367	247,923	452,841	799,963	
Landfill	-	-		2,165,811	1,855,113	2,165,811	1,855,113	
Airport	-	-		285,404	383,199	285,404	383,199	
Weed control	-	-		225,177	214,901	225,177	214,901	
Total expenses	38,086,058	38,055,695		2,919,759	2,701,137	41,005,817	40,756,831	
Change in net position								
before transfers	4,620,150	9,518,317		760,218	616,331	3,668,240	10,134,649	
Transfers	(48,000)	(198,202)		48,000	198,202	-	-	
Capital contributions	-	(2,391,865)		-	2,391,865	-	_	
Change in net position	4,572,150	6,928,250		808,218	3,206,398	3,668,240	10,134,648	
Sale of property	-	190,376			-	-	190,376	
Net position, beginning	63,988,969	56,870,342		14,339,457	11,133,059	78,328,425	68,003,401	
Net position, ending	\$ 68,561,120	63,988,969	\$	15,147,675	\$ 14,339,457	\$ 83,708,793	\$ 78,328,425	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2022

Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

Crook County uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of Crook County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing Crook County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending as of the end of the fiscal year.

As of June 30, 2022, \$92,947,873 is the reported combined ending fund balance for Crook County's governmental funds, a net increase of \$45,318,905 from June 30, 2021. Changes in the fund balances of the major governmental funds are described below:

<u>General Fund</u>: As of June 30, 2022, the fund balance of Crook County's General Fund was \$4,559,381. The fund balance increased by \$401,687 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022.

<u>Road Fund</u>: The fund balance of the Road Fund decreased by \$463,170 to \$17,519,959. Decrease was due to the timing of State and Federal Grant funds received.

<u>Community Development Fund</u>: The fund balance of the Community Development Fund was \$11,107,133, an increase of \$4,627,075 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Data Center projects during the fiscal year were the primary reason for the increase.

Sheriff's Office Fund: The fund balance of the Sheriff's Office Fund was \$3,229,321, a decrease of \$39,866 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Decrease is due to revenue recognition requirements of American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) revenue which replaced a portion of the Transfers In from the General Fund.

<u>Health Fund</u>: The fund balance of the Health Fund was \$2,799,165, an increase of \$126,378 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. Grant spending was reduced due to reduction in available staff to administer grant programs resulting in fund balance increase.

<u>Justice Center Project Fund</u>: The fund balance of the Justice Center Project Fund increased by \$38,556,072 to \$38,995,210 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. The increase was due proceeds from the sale of the General Obligation Bond to construct the Justice Center and renovate the Courthouse.

Reserve Fund: The fund balance of the Reserve Fund increased by \$1,552,967 to \$10,830,241. The increase was due to sale of County owned property.

<u>Proprietary funds</u>. The information presented in the proprietary funds statement is similar to that in the government-wide financial statements, but provides greater detail.

<u>Landfill Fund</u>: At June 30, 2022, the net position of the Landfill Fund was \$5,139,402, with operating income of \$543.616.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2022

<u>Airport Fund</u>: At June 30, 2022, the net position of the Airport Fund \$9,687,094. The fund reports the construction in process related to the airport projects and the related debt.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The budget for the General Fund was decreased by \$5,411 and there were several appropriation transfers during FY 2022. Assumptions used for estimating revenues are generally conservative and General Fund actual revenues were \$2,195,419 less than estimated largely due to the timing revenue recognition for Federal Grants namely the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA). The variance between appropriations and expenditures was \$730,770, consisting of positive variances spread among many departments.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

<u>Capital Assets</u>. Crook County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2022, was \$54,672,020, net of accumulated depreciation. The book value of the depreciable assets is sixty-two percent of historical cost. This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings, equipment and infrastructure such as roads and bridges. Additional information on Crook County's capital assets is included in **Note 6 on pages 26-27** of this report.

<u>Long-term debt</u>. As of June 30, 2022, Crook County's outstanding bonded debt was \$52,573,310. Other long-term liabilities include compensated absences and the landfill closure and post-closure liability. Additional information on Crook County's long-term debt is included in **Note 7 on pages 28-29** of this report.

	Governmen	tal activities	Business-ty	pe activities	Total		
	2022	2022 2021		2021	2022	2021	
General obligation bonds Full Faith & Credit	\$ 43,368,310 3,410,000	\$ 9,760,000 3,455,000	\$ - 5,795,000	\$ - 5,940,000	\$ 43,368,310 9,205,000	\$ 9,760,000 9,395,000	
Total	\$ 46,778,310	\$ 13,215,000	\$ 5,795,000	\$ 5,940,000	\$ 52,573,310	\$ 19,155,000	

Key Economic Factors and Budget Information for the Future

- The cost of fringe benefits, primarily health insurance, will continue to have an impact on the County's budget.
- The County's FY 2023 adopted budget is \$150,290,100, an increase of approximately 61% from the Fiscal Year 2022 budget. The increase is due to the appropriation of expected state revenue and construction costs related to the Justice Center project and the Courthouse renovation.
- The County's Assessed Valuation of Taxable Property increased from Fiscal Year 2022 to Fiscal Year 2023 by over 7%, to \$2,865,834,905.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2022

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview to those parties interested in Crook County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to Crook County Finance, 200 NE Second Street, Prineville, OR 97754.

CROOK COUNTY, OREGON STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AT JUNE 30, 2022

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTAL
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and investments	\$ 98,089,483	\$ 6,584,795	\$ 104,674,278
Accounts receivable	757,962	234,872	992,834
Property taxes receivable	370,361	-	370,361
Inventories	1,457,053	-	1,457,053
Lease receivable	6,640,763	6,167,067	12,807,830
Total current assets	107,315,622	12,986,734	120,302,356
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital assets			
Leased assets (net)	511,976	1,590	513,566
Nondepreciable	6,664,895	3,194,045	9,858,940
Depreciable, net	28,853,090	15,446,424	44,299,514
Total noncurrent assets	36,029,961	18,642,059	54,672,020
TOTAL ASSETS	143,345,583	31,628,793	174,974,376
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension related deferrals	2,813,549		2,813,549
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	3,434,982	592,662	4,027,644
Deferred revenue	3,500,631	_	3,500,631
Accrued interest payable	25,058	59,468	84,526
Current portion of lease liability	121,006	1,146	122,152
Current portion of bonds payable (net of premium)	552,128	148,095	700,223
Accrued compensated absences	933,618	46,474	980,092
Total current liabilities	8,567,423	847,845	9,415,268
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Landfill postclosure costs	_	2,924,613	2,924,613
Noncurrent portion of lease liability	393,380	513	393,893
Noncurrent portion of bonds payable (net of premium)	55,926,949	5,601,195	61,528,144
Other post employment liability	582,749	3,001,173	582,749
Net pension liability	2,941,675	_	2,941,675
Total noncurrent liabilities	59,844,753	8,526,321	68,371,074
TOTAL LIABILITIES		9,374,166	
	68,412,176	9,374,100	77,786,342
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Pension related deferrals	2,638,407	-	2,638,407
Leases	6,547,431	7,106,952	13,654,383
TOTAL LIABILITIES	9,185,838	7,106,952	16,292,790
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	20,043,795	12,891,110	32,934,905
Restricted for:			
Highways and streets	16,062,906	-	16,062,906
Debt service	34,739	-	34,739
Grant programs	4,571,455	-	4,571,455
Unrestricted	27,848,223	2,256,565	30,104,788
NET POSITION	\$ 68,561,118	\$ 15,147,675	\$ 83,708,793
		=======================================	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

CROOK COUNTY, OREGON STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

			Program Rev	enues	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position			
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental	Business-type Activities	Total	
Primary Government Governmental activities								
General government	\$ 10,650,361	\$ 8,925,439	\$ 3,651,685	\$ 335,778	\$ 2,262,541	\$ -	\$ 2,262,541	
Highways and streets	4,450,242	243,882	3,962,726	-	(243,634)	-	(243,634)	
Public safety	12,986,645	621,974	2,427,220	-	(9,937,451)	-	(9,937,451)	
Health and welfare	6,330,749	511,910	5,874,808	-	55,969	-	55,969	
Culture and education	3,458,588	217,499	314,503		(2,926,586)	-	(2,926,586)	
Interest on long-term debt	209,474				(209,474)		(209,474)	
Total governmental activities	38,086,059	10,520,704	16,230,942	335,778	(10,998,635)		(10,998,635)	
Business-type activities								
Landfill	2,165,811	2,709,427	-	-	-	543,616	543,616	
Airport	285,404	421,536	-	-	-	136,132	136,132	
Weed control	225,177	222,378	8,841	-	-	6,042	6,042	
Interest expense	243,367				-	(243,367)	(243,367)	
Total business-type activities	2,919,759	3,353,341	8,841			442,423	442,423	
Total primary government	41,005,818	13,874,045	16,239,783	335,778	(10,998,635)	442,423	(10,556,212)	
		Property taxes	for general purpo levied for debt se		11,197,111	- -	11,197,111 -	
		Other taxes			2,854,112	-	2,854,112	
		Investment rev	enue		(144,567)	317,795	173,228	
		Miscellaneous			1,712,128	-	1,712,128	
		Transfers			(48,000)	48,000		
		Total general revenues and transfers		15,570,784	365,795	15,936,579		
		Changes in net position			4,572,149	808,218	5,380,367	
		Net position - be	ginning of year		63,988,969	14,339,457	78,328,426	
		Net position - en	ding		\$ 68,561,118	\$ 15,147,675	\$ 83,708,793	

CROOK COUNTY, OREGON BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS AT JUNE 30, 2022

1000770	General Fund	Road Fund	Community Development	Sheriff's Office	Health Fund	Reserve Fund	Justice Center Project	Other Governmental Funds	Total
ASSETS									
Cash and investments Accounts receivable (net of allowance	\$ 7,361,114	\$ 16,797,908	\$ 11,220,445	3,593,621	\$ 2,835,466	\$ 10,998,897	\$ 39,833,385	\$ 4,551,062	\$ 97,191,898
for uncollectibles) Property taxes receivable	408,764 345,762	2,958	20,189	48,610	67,141	-	-	206,767 24,599	754,429 370,361
Lease receivable	.	-	-	-	-	6,295,269	-	-	6,295,269
Due from other funds	21,294	1 457 052	-	-	-	-	-	-	21,294
Inventories		1,457,053							1,457,053
Total Assets	\$ 8,136,934	\$ 18,257,919	\$ 11,240,634	\$ 3,642,231	\$ 2,902,607	\$ 17,294,166	\$ 39,833,385	\$ 4,782,428	\$ 106,090,304
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable and other current liabilities Due to other funds	\$ 643,080	\$ 737,960	133,501	\$ 295,953	\$ 103,442	\$ -	\$ 838,175	\$ 641,306 21,294	\$ 3,393,417 21,294
Deferred Revenue	2,592,245	_	_	116,957	_	250,000	_	178,738	3,137,940
Total Liabilities	3,235,325	737,960	133,501	412,910	103,442	250,000	838,175	841,338	6,552,651
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOUR	RCES								
Unavailable property tax revenue Leases	342,228	-	-	-	-	6,213,925	-	33,627	375,855 6,213,925
Leases					-	0,213,723	-		0,213,723
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	342,228					6,213,925		33,627	6,589,780
FUND BALANCES									
Non-spendable Inventory	_	1,457,053					_		1,457,053
Restricted for state and federal programs		16.062,906	_		2,799,165	_	_	1,772,290	20,634,361
Restricted for capital projects	-		-	-	-,,	-	38,995,210	367,154	39,362,364
Restricted for debt service	-	-	-	-		-	· · · · · ·	34,739	34,739
Assigned	-	-	11,107,133	3,229,321	-	10,830,241	-	1,768,721	26,935,416
Unassigned	4,559,381							(35,441)	4,523,940
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	4,559,381	17,519,959	11,107,133	3,229,321	2,799,165	10,830,241	38,995,210	3,907,463	92,947,873
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances	\$ 8,136,934	\$ 18,257,919	\$ 11,240,634	\$ 3,642,231	\$ 2,902,607	\$ 17,294,166	\$ 39,833,385	\$ 4,782,428	\$ 106,090,304

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

AT JUNE 30, 2022

Total fund balances - governmental fund type		\$ 92,947,873
Capital assets (including lease assets) used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Capital assets net of depreciation are:		35,576,419
Certain other assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds: Property taxes earned but unavailable		375,855
Certain other liabilities are not accrued until due in the governmental funds: Accrued interest on long-term debt Lease liability	\$ (25,058) (59,523)	
Accrued compensated absences Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, not reported in the funds.	(927,486)	(1,012,067)
Bonds payable unamortized premium Other post employment liability		(56,479,077) (582,749)
Net Pension Liability - the difference between the total pension liability and the assets set aside to pay benefits earned to past and current employees and beneficiaries.		(2,941,675)
Deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to the pension plan include differences between expected and actual experience, changes of assumptions, differences between projected and actual earnings, and contributions subsequent to the measurement date.		175,142
Net position of internal service fund, less net capital assets	_	501,397
Net position of governmental activities	_	\$ 68,561,118

CROOK COUNTY, OREGON STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	General Fund	Road Fund	Community Development	Sheriff's Office	Health Fund	Reserve Fund	Justice Center Project	Other Governmental Funds	Total
REVENUES									
Taxes									
Property taxes	\$ 2,230,543	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,496,284	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,484,661	\$ 11,211,488
Other taxes	2,357,057	-	-	· -	-	-	-	497,055	2,854,112
Interest	(487,441)	66,019	38,041	16,918	10,764	121,158	58,713	18,630	(157,198)
Licenses, permits and fees	569,791	30,879	7,982,240	163,965	81,776	-	-	155,691	8,984,342
Charges for services	3,410,029	213,003	10,376	458,009	430,134	-	-	218,107	4,739,658
Miscellaneous	-	-	· -	-	111,298	-	5,000	· -	116,298
Donations/contributions	-	-	-	20,000	130	-	´-	123,949	144,079
Intergovernmental				-,				- /	,
Local	242,444	_	_	2,168	179,691	23,447	_	89,500	537,250
State	600,264	3,061,358	_	1,826,548	386,636	23,	_	4,788,364	10,663,170
Federal	2,159,044	901,368		578,504	837,899			745,406	5,222,221
Total Revenues	11,081,731	4,272,627	8,030,657	9,562,396	2,038,328	144,605	63,713	9,121,363	44,315,420
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
General government	7,872,036	-	3,279,960	-	-	-	-	593,255	11,745,251
Highways and streets	· · · · -	4,495,695	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,495,695
Public safety	949,754	· · · · ·	-	9,674,884	-	-	2,514,938	77,250	13,216,826
Health and welfare	´-	-	-	· · · · · -	2,704,696	-	· · · · ·	3,980,998	6,685,694
Culture and education	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,596,612	3,596,612
Debt service								-,,-	- , ,-
Principal	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	135,000	135,000
Interest	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	605,450	605,450
Capital outlay	109,129	257,410	139,059	148,580			1,537,994	226,093	2,418,265
Total Expenditures	8,930,919	4,753,105	3,419,019	9,823,464	2,704,696		4,052,932	9,214,658	42,898,793
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues									
over expenditures	2,150,812	(480,478)	4,611,638	(261,068)	(666,368)	144,605	(3,989,219)	(93,295)	1,416,627
Other financing sources (uses)									
Lease proceeds	-	-	-	-	3,781	-	-	-	3,781
Transfers in	-	-	15,437	403,952	826,965	-	-	743,413	1,989,767
Transfers out	(1,749,628)	-	-	(182,750)	(38,000)	(210,000)	-	(93,952)	(2,274,330)
Bonds proceeds, net	-	-	-	-	-	-	42,545,291	-	42,545,291
Sale of Property	503	17,308				1,619,957			1,637,768
Total other financing									
sources and uses	(1,749,125)	17,308	15,437	221,202	792,746	1,409,957	42,545,291	649,461	43,902,277
Net change in fund balances	401,687	(463,170)	4,627,075	(39,866)	126,378	1,554,562	38,556,072	556,166	45,318,904
Fund Balances - beginning	4,157,694	17,983,129	6,480,058	3,269,187	2,672,787	9,275,679	439,138	3,351,297	47,628,969
Fund Balances - ending	\$ 4,559,381	\$ 17,519,959	\$ 11,107,133	\$ 3,229,321	\$ 2,799,165	\$ 10,830,241	\$ 38,995,210	\$ 3,907,463	\$ 92,947,873

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Amount reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Net change in fund balances - total government funds		\$ 45,318,904
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. Capital asset additions Book value of disposed assets Depreciation expense	\$ 2,435,976 (45,719) (1,319,104)	1,071,153
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		1,0/1,133
Change in deferred revenue Change in leased assets (net)		(14,377) 58,434
Long-term debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of long-term debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. This is the amount by which debt proceeds exceeds principal payments:		(42,013,163)
Change in net position of ISF, net of capital assets		242,343
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Changes in: Other post employment liability Accrued compensated absences Lease liability	(70,553) 20,818 (59,523)	
Accrued interest	169	(109,089)
The Pension Expense represents the change in Net Pension Liability from year to year due to changes in total pension liability and the fair value of pension plan net position available to pay pension benefits.		17,944
Change in net position of governmental activities.		\$ 4,572,149

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

AT JUNE 30, 2022

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds			Internal Service Fund	
	Landfill	Weed Control	Airport	TOTAL	Facilities
ASSETS	Zunum	vvcca control	- Import	101112	- Tuchities
Current assets:					
Cash and investments	\$ 5,005,939	\$ 276,607	\$ 1,302,249	\$ 6,584,795	\$ 897,585
Accounts receivable	234,872	-	6.017.040	234,872	3,533
Lease receivable	149,118		6,017,949	6,167,067	345,494
Total current assets	5,389,929	276,607	7,320,198	12,986,734	1,246,612
Noncurrent assets:					
Capital assets:					
Leased assets (net of amortization)	1,590	-	-	1,590	453,542
Nondepreciable	461,970	-	2,732,075	3,194,045	-
Depreciable, Net	2,977,341	67,361	12,401,722	15,446,424	41,085
Total noncurrent assets	3,440,901	67,361	15,133,797	18,642,059	494,627
TOTAL ASSETS	8,830,830	343,968	22,453,995	31,628,793	1,741,239
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities:					
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	587,665	4,997	-	592,662	41,565
Accrued compensated absences	28,682	17,792	-	46,474	6,132
Interest payable	-	-	59,468	59,468	-
Current portion of lease liabilities	1,146	-	- (1.005)	1,146	102,717
Current portion discount on bonds	-	-	(1,905)	(1,905)	-
Current portion of bonds payable Total current liabilities	617,493	22,789	150,000 207,563	150,000 847,845	150,414
Total current habilities	017,493	22,789	207,303	047,043	130,414
Noncurrent liabilities					
Lease liability	513	-	-	513	352,146
Bonds payable	-	-	5,645,000	5,645,000	-
Discounts on bonds payable	-	-	(43,805)	(43,805)	-
Deferred revenue	2 024 612	-	-	2 024 612	362,691
Landfill postclosure costs Total noncurrent liabilities	2,924,613 2,925,126		5,601,195	2,924,613 8,526,321	714,837
TOTAL LIABILITIES	3,542,619	22,789	5,808,758		
	3,342,019	22,789	3,000,730	9,374,166	865,251
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	1.40.000		6.050.142	7.106.052	222.506
Leases	148,809		6,958,143	7,106,952	333,506
Total deferred inflows of resources	148,809		6,958,143	7,106,952	333,506
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	3,439,242	67,361	9,384,507	12,891,110	535,712
Unrestricted	1,700,160	253,818	302,587	2,256,565	6,770
NET POSITION	\$ 5,139,402	\$ 321,179	\$ 9,687,094	\$ 15,147,675	\$ 542,482

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND

CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds				Internal Service Fund	
OPERATING REVENUES	Landfill	Weed Control	Airport	Totals	Facilities	
Charges for services Intergovernmental	\$ 2,709,427	\$ 222,378 8,841	\$ 421,536 -	\$ 3,353,341 8,841	\$ 1,499,202 137,309	
Total operating revenues	2,709,427	231,219	421,536	3,362,182	1,636,511	
OPERATING EXPENSES						
Salaries and wages Materials and services Depreciation	772,107 1,136,510 257,194	141,863 74,779 8,535	5,729 279,675	913,970 1,217,018 545,404	577,660 1,048,053 4,014	
Total operating expenses	2,165,811	225,177	285,404	2,676,392	1,629,727	
Operating income (loss)	543,616	6,042	136,132	685,790	6,784	
NONOPERATING REVENUES/EXPENSE	S					
Investment earnings Interest expense	18,249	922	298,624 (243,367)	317,795 (243,367)	12,631 (1,321)	
Total nonoperating revenues/expenses	18,249	922	55,257	74,428	11,310	
Income before transfers	561,865	6,964	191,389	760,218	18,094	
Transfers in Transfers out	-	<u>-</u>	90,000 (42,000)	90,000 (42,000)	236,563	
Total nonoperating transfers			48,000	48,000	236,563	
Changes in net position	561,865	6,964	239,389	808,218	254,657	
Net Position - beginning	4,577,537	314,215	9,447,705	14,339,457	287,825	
Net Position - ending	\$ 5,139,402	\$ 321,179	\$ 9,687,094	\$ 15,147,675	\$ 542,482	

CROOK COUNTY, OREGON STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds				Internal Service Fund	
Cash flows from operating activities	Landfill	Weed Control	Airport	Total	Facilities	
Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments to employees	\$ 2,636,188 (541,341) (781,223)	\$ 231,219 (74,150) (135,485)	\$ 421,536 (5,729)	\$ 3,288,943 (621,220) (916,708)	\$ 1,997,609 (1,039,244) (592,472)	
Net cash (used) by operating activities	1,313,624	21,584	415,807	1,751,015	365,893	
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities				·		
Transfers from (to) other funds			48,000	48,000	236,563	
Cash flows from capital and related financing act	ivities					
Purchase of capital assets	(573,105)	(19,449)	(196,002)	(788,556)	(16,328)	
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	(573,105)	(19,449)	(196,002)	(788,556)	(16,328)	
Cash flows from investing activities						
Payment of bond principal Interest received	18,009	- 922	(145,000) 7,274	(145,000) 26,205	643	
Interest paid Net cash provided (used) by investing	-	-	(244,561)	(244,561)		
activities	18,009	922	(382,287)	(363,356)	643	
Net increase (decrease) in cash	758,528	3,057	(114,482)	647,103	586,771	
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	4,247,411	273,550	1,416,731	5,937,692	310,814	
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$ 5,005,939	\$ 276,607	\$ 1,302,249	\$ 6,584,795	897,585	
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided by operating activities						
Operating income (loss)	543,616	6,042	136,132	685,790	6,784	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating						
Depreciation	257,194	8,535	279,675	545,404	4,014	
Change in accounts receivable Change in accounts payable	(73,239) 358,330	- 629	-	(73,239) 358,959	(1,593) 8,809	
Change in deferred revenue	-	-	-	-	362,691	
Change in accrued compensated absences Change in closure/postclosure	(9,116) 236,839	6,378	<u>-</u>	(2,738) 236,839	(14,812)	
Total adjustments	770,008	15,542	279,675	1,065,225	359,109	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 1,313,624	\$ 21,584	\$ 415,807	\$ 1,751,015	\$ 365,893	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

CROOK COUNTY STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS CUSTODIAL FUNDS AT JUNE 30, 2022

ASSETS	
Cash and investments Accounts receivable	\$ 420,167 62,476
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 482,643
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	\$ 223,394
NET POSITION	
Restricted for taxing districts- Due to taxing districts	 259,249
Total LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$ 482,643

CROOK COUNTY, OREGON STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION CUSTODIAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

ADDITIONS	Custodial Funds
Investment earnings Property tax collections Miscellaneous	\$ 8,494 62,670,358 785,565
TOTAL ADDITIONS	63,464,417
DEDUCTIONS	
Materials and services Property tax distributions	1,440,200 63,812,717
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	65,252,917
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(1,788,500)
NET POSITION HELD - BEGINNING	2,047,749
NET POSITION HELD - ENDING	\$ 259,249

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Description of Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of Crook County (the County), and its one component unit, a legally separate organization for which the County is considered to be financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as appointment of a voting majority of the component unit's governing board, and (a) the ability to impose its will on the organization or (b) the organization provides a financial benefit to, or imposes as specific financial burden on, the primary government. Component units may either be blended in to the County's operations or reported discretely in a separate column based on the closeness of the relationship to the County.

The County Court, consisting of a County Judge and two Commissioners elected at-large, serves as the governing board for the County and for the component unit.

Blended Component Units

Agricultural Extension Service District

Agricultural Extension Service District (the District), the County's component unit, furnishes support staff and a program coordinator for Oregon State University Extension Service. It issues separate financial statements which are available in the Crook County Finance Department. The County Court is financially accountable for the District.

Other Component Units

There are other districts within the County that have not been included as component units of the County. The County Court appoints the boards of special road districts and vector districts; however, the County Court does not exercise any administrative or financial control. These districts are autonomous Oregon municipal corporations and are not considered component units of Crook County.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-Wide Statements

The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the County) and its component unit. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the County. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the County and for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the County's funds, including its fiduciary funds and blended component units. Separate statements for each fund category *governmental*, *proprietary* and *fiduciary* are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

General Fund: The financial resources of the general government are accounted for in the General Fund, except those that are more appropriately or are required to be, accounted for in another fund. The General Fund's primary revenue sources are property taxes, Federal and State of Oregon payments and fees for services. The major expenditure categories are general government, public safety and public health services.

<u>Road Fund:</u> The financial resources, primarily motor vehicle taxes received from the State of Oregon and Federal Forest Receipts, of the County's Road Department are used for the building, repair and maintenance of the County's roads, bridges, culverts, street lighting and drainage.

<u>Community Development Fund:</u> The financial resources are primarily from fees for services and permits with expenditures for programs for land-use planning, in-site systems, building safety and code compliance.

<u>Sheriff's Office Fund:</u> The financial resources are primarily from property taxes and federal and state grants with expenditures for public safety.

<u>Health Fund:</u> The financial resources are primarily federal and state grants and similar special-purpose revenues with expenditures for health services and other services as directed by each grant.

Reserve Fund: This fund accumulates resources for long-term projects as determined by the County Court.

<u>Justice Center Project Fund:</u> The financial resources are primarily bond proceeds with expenditures for construction of a new Justice Center.

The County reports the following enterprise funds, two of which are major:

<u>Landfill:</u> This fund accounts for the operations of the County's sanitary landfill.

<u>Airport:</u> This fund accounts for assets and certain activity at the local airport which are owned by the County and currently operated by the City. The City and County are parties to an intergovernmental agreement for City operations of the airport

Weed Control: Charges for services provide funding for weed control.

The County reports the following internal service fund:

<u>Facilities:</u> This internal service fund accounts for facilities services provided to other County departments on a cost recovery basis.

The County also reports the following custodial fund type in its financial statements:

<u>Custodial Fund:</u> These funds account for monies held on behalf of school districts, special districts and retirement boards that use the County as a depository; property taxes collected on behalf of other governments; and surety bonds and performance deposits.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statement: The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non exchange transactions, in which the County gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Measurement focus refers to "what" is being measured by a fund. Basis of accounting refers to "when" revenues, expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of presentation refers to the application of measurement focus and basis of accounting to financial statement types.

Government-wide, Proprietary and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The County considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and financing from capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund statements are accounted for using the economic resources measurement focus, whereby all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources are included in the Statement of Net Position.

D. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

State statutes authorize the County to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certificates of deposit, U.S. government agency securities, instrumentalities of U.S. government-sponsored corporations, commercial paper, bankers' acceptances, repurchase agreements and the State of Oregon Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). Additionally, Oregon Revised Statutes require that deposits be made with approved depository banks. Local Government Investment Pool balances are backed by the full faith and credit of the State of Oregon.

The County maintains a cash and investment pool for all of the County's funds. Monies within the cash and investment pool are identified by fund and by type. Interest earned on the cash and investment pool is allocated to the individual funds based on the individual fund's average cash balance for the period in which the interest was earned. For the *Statement of Cash Flow* purposes, the County considers "cash" to include the pooled cash and investments. The cash and investment pool possesses the general characteristics of a demand deposit account since the cash and investment pool has sufficient liquidity in that any fund may deposit or withdraw cash at any time without notice or penalty.

E. Receivables and Payables

Real and personal property taxes receivable that are collected within 60 days after year-end are considered measurable and available, and therefore, are recognized as revenue. The remaining balance is recorded as unavailable or unearned revenue because it is not deemed available to finance the operations of the current period. Property taxes are levied and become a lien on the property as of July 1. Taxes are payable in three installments on November 15, February 15 and May 15. Taxes unpaid as of May 16 are considered delinquent. All property taxes are billed and collected by the County.

Grant proceeds are recorded as revenue in the period in which qualified program expenditures are incurred. Franchise fees and transient room taxes are recorded as revenue in the period in which they are earned, provided they are remitted to the County within 60 days after year-end.

All governmental type accounts receivable, property taxes, grants, notes, assessments and other receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts, and as of June 30, 2022, no uncollectible amounts are anticipated or have been recognized by management.

F. Supply Inventories and Prepaids

Inventories, consisting primarily of road department rock and gravel, are valued at cost using the first-in/ first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when purchased.. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

G. Capital Assets and Depreciation

Capital assets include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. roads, bridges, culverts, etc.). Capital assets are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds statements, capital assets are charged to expenditures as purchased. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. General infrastructure assets acquired prior to July 1, 2011, consist of the road network assets that were acquired or that received substantial improvements subsequent to July 1, 1980, and are reported at estimated historical cost using deflated replacement cost. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are defined by the County as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$10,000 or more, and having useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. Additions or improvements and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset, or that significantly increase the capacity of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred.

Depreciation of exhaustible assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position and is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

ASSET	YEARS
Buildings & Improvements	40-50
Roads and Infrastructure	50
Equipment and Vehicles	10
Landfill Cells	50

H. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s), and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Financial Position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

I. Interfund Transactions

Payments between funds – reimbursements when one fund incurs a cost and then charges the appropriate benefiting fund – are considered transfers in and transfers out respectively.

Payments to county component units are budgeted as Special payments and on the financial statements are treated as a transfer as they are offsetting payments.

J. Leased Assets and Lease Liabilities

Leased assets are assets which the County leases for a term of more than one year. The value of the leases is determined by the net present value of the leases at the government's incremental borrowing rate at the time of the lease agreement, amortized over the term of the agreement

In the government-wide financial statements, leases payable are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. In the governmental fund financial statements, the present value of lease payments is reported as other financing sources.

K. Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are treated as period costs in the year of issue and are shown as other financial uses.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period.

L. Compensated Absences

The liability for compensated absences reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund statements consists of unpaid, accumulated annual and sick leave balances. The liability has been calculated using the vesting method, in which leave balances for employees who currently are eligible to receive termination payments and for other employees who are expected to become eligible in the future to receive such payments upon termination are included.

M. Retirement Plans

Only employees of the County's law enforcement departments are participants in the State of Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS). For the purpose of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about fiduciary net position of PERS and additions to/deductions from PERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. GASB Statements 68 and 71 have been implemented as of July 1, 2014.

N. Use of Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

O. Net Position

Net position is comprised of net earnings from operations, nonoperating revenues, expenses and contributions of capital. Net position is classified in the following three categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by any outstanding balances of any bonds or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted – consists of external constraints placed on asset use by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. A portion of Net Position is restricted for highways and streets and grant programs..

Unrestricted net position – consists of all other assets, deferred outflows of resources, less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the other categories previously mentioned.

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

P. Fund Balance

In March 2009, the GASB issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund-type Definitions. The objective of this statement is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund-type definitions.

This statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed on the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Under this standard, the fund balance classifications of reserved, designated, and unreserved/undesignated were replaced with five new classifications – nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

- <u>Nonspendable fund balance</u> represents amounts that are not in a spendable form. The nonspendable fund balance represents inventories and prepaid items.
- Restricted fund balance represents amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose (such as debt covenants, grant requirements, donor requirements, or other governments) or are restricted by law (constitutionally or by enabling legislation).
- <u>Committed fund balance</u> represents funds formally set aside by the governing body for a particular purpose. The use of committed funds would be approved by resolution.
- <u>Assigned fund balance</u> represents amounts that are constrained by the expressed intent to use resources for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent can be stipulated by the governing body or by an official to whom that authority has been given by the governing body. To date, the Board has not delegated that authority to any other government officials.
- <u>Unassigned fund balance</u> is the residual classification of the General Fund. Only the General Fund may report a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds would report any negative residual fund balance as unassigned.

The County has approved the following order of spending regarding fund balance categories: Restricted, Committed, Assigned, Unassigned.

Q. Fair Value Inputs and Methodologies and Hierarchy

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Observable inputs are developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity. Unobservable inputs are developed based on the best information available about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset. The classification of securities within the fair value hierarchy is based up on the activity level in the market for the security type and the inputs used to determine their fair value, as follows:

- Level 1 unadjusted price quotations in active markets/exchanges for identical assets or liabilities that each Fund has the ability to access
- Level 2 other observable inputs (including, but not limited to, quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in markets that are active, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the assets or liabilities (such as interest rates, yield curves, volatilities, loss severities, credit risks and default rates) or other market–corroborated inputs)

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

• Level 3 – unobservable inputs based on the best information available in the circumstances, to the extent observable inputs are not available (including each Fund's own assumptions used in determining the fair value of investments)

The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised in determining fair value is greatest for instruments categorized in Level 3. The inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, for disclosure purposes, the fair value hierarchy classification is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

(2) Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. Budget Requirements, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis for all funds, except for the Fiduciary Fund, all of which are agency funds that account for "pass-through" transactions. The County adopts annual budgets for each of its funds, and sub-funds as determined appropriate and as required by state law. The resolution, authorizing appropriations for each fund, sets the level by which expenditures cannot lawfully exceed appropriations. The levels of control established by the resolution are: by department/dvision in the General Fund, Sherriff's Office and Community Development Fund and by personnel services, materials and services, debt service, capital outlay and transfers out in the remaining funds. The County's published budget contains more specific detailed information for the above mentioned expenditure categories. Unexpected additional resources may be added to the budget through the use of a supplemental budget and appropriation resolution. Original and supplemental budgets may be modified by the use of appropriation transfers between the levels of control. Such transfers require approval of the County Court. Appropriations lapse at year-end.

The County adopted resolutions for appropriation transfers which amended the fiscal year 2022 original budget. Expenditures of the various funds were within authorized appropriations except for the road fund where Materials and Services were overexpended by \$22,690, the Fairgrounds Operations Fund where Materials and Services were overexpended by \$5,381, and the Weed Control Fund where Personnel Services were overexpended by \$3,585.

(3) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash management policies are governed by state statutes. Pooled cash is utilized to manage cash and investments for all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is reported on the combined balance sheet as Cash and Cash Equivalents. Cash and Investments consisted of:

Deposits with Financial Institutions

Demand Deposits	\$ 55,493,886
Investments	49,600,559
Total Cash and Investments	105,094,445
Governmental Proprietary	98,089,483 6,584,795
Fiduciary	420,167
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 105,094,445

(3) Cash and Cash Equivalents (continued)

Participants' equity in the pool is determined by the amount of participant deposits, adjusted for withdrawals and distributed income. Amortized discounts and premiums, accrued interest and realized gains and losses, net of expenses are distributed on a monthly basis to participants' account balances based on the participants' average monthly cash balance in relation to total monthly average pool investments. This method differs from the fair value method used to value investments in these financial statements because the amortized cost method is not designed to distribute to participants all unrealized gains and losses in the fair values of the pool's investments.

A. Deposits

Deposits with financial institutions are comprised of demand checking accounts. Effective July 1, 2008, the State of Oregon formed the Oregon Public Funds Collateralization Program under ORS 295. The collateralization program creates a state-wide pool of qualified bank depositories for local governments, providing collateralization for bank balances that exceed the limits of Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC), and eliminating the need for certificates of participation. As of June 30, 2022, the County had a total bank balance of \$17,433,851 of which \$250,000 was covered by FDIC and the NCUA, with the remaining amount collateralized by the Oregon Public Collateralization Program.

B. Investments

Investments in the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) are included in the Oregon Short-Term Fund, which is an external investment pool that is not a 2a-7-like external investment pool, and is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. Fair value of the LGIP is calculated at the same value as the number of pool shares owned. The unit of account is each share held, and the value of the position would be the fair value of the pool's share price multiplied by the number of shares held. Investments in the Short-Term Fund are governed by ORS 294.135, Oregon Investment Council, and portfolio guidelines issued by the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board, which establish diversification percentages and specify the types and maturities of investments. The portfolio guidelines permit securities lending transactions as well as investments in repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements. The fund appears to be in compliance with all portfolio guidelines at June 30, 2022. The LGIP seeks to exchange shares at \$1.00 per share; an investment in the LGIP is neither insured nor guaranteed by the FDIC or any other government agency. Although the LGIP seeks to maintain the value of share investments at \$1.00 per share, it is possible to lose money by investing in the pool. We have measured these investments at book value since it materially approximates fair value. The pool is comprised of a variety of investments. These investments are characterized as a level 2 fair value measurement in the Oregon Short Term Fund's audited financial report. As of June 30, 2022, the fair value of the position in the LGIP is 98.98 percent of the value of the pool shares as reported in the Oregon Short Term Fund audited financial statements. Amounts in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool are not required to be collateralized.

As of June 30, 2022, the County had the following investments:

_	Investment Maturities (in months)							
Investment Type]	Fair Value	Less	than 3		3-18	Moı	re than 18
State Treasurer's LGIP	\$	49,600,559	\$	-	\$	-	\$	
Total	\$	49,600,559	\$	-	\$	-	\$	

(3) <u>Cash and Cash Equivalents (continued)</u>

C. Interest Rate Risk

Oregon Revised Statutes require investments to not exceed a maturity of 18 months, except when the local government has adopted a written investment policy that was submitted to and reviewed by the OSTFB. The County has a written investment policy approved by the OSTFB, which allows for maturities of up to five years.

D. Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that deposits with a financial institution may not be returned to the County. The County's policy, in compliance with state statutes, requires that bank deposits be covered by FDIC and deposited in a financial institution that is qualified in the Oregon Public Funds Collateralization Program. Additionally, deposits in the LGIP are administered by the Oregon State Treasury with the advice of other state agencies and is not rated or registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission.

The LGIP is an open-ended, no-load diversified portfolio offered to any agency, political subdivision, or public corporation of the state that by law is made the custodian of, or has control of any public funds. The LGIP is commingled with the State of Oregon's short-term funds. In seeking to best serve local governments of Oregon, the Oregon Legislature established the Oregon Short-term Fund Board (OSTFB). The purpose of the OSTFB is to advise the Oregon State Treasury in the management and investment of the LGIP.

The OSTFB established portfolio diversification percentages based on the types and maturities of investments. LGIP must manage and invest its funds as a prudent investor would, exercising reasonable care, skill and caution. Professional standards indicate that the investments in external investment pools are not subject to custodial risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. Nevertheless, management does not believe that there is any substantial custodial risk related to investments in the LGIP. A copy of the State's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report may be obtained at http://www.ost.state.or.us/.

E. Concentration of Credit Risk

To avoid incurring unreasonable risks inherent to over-investing in specific instruments or in individual financial institutions, the LGIP investment policy sets maximum limits on the percentage of the portfolio that can be invested in any one type of security. At June 30, 2022, there was compliance with all percentage restrictions. Amounts in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool are not required by law to be collateralized.

F. Investment Policy

The County's investment policy has been approved by the County Court and specifies the County's investment objectives, required diversification, certain limitations and reporting requirements. These requirements limit the pool's investment by type as follows:

(3) <u>Cash and Cash Equivalents (continued)</u>

Investment Type	Percent of Portfolio
US Government Agency Securities and Instruments	100%
US Government Treasury Obligations	100%
Municipal Bonds (OR, CA, ID, WA)	25%
Combined Corporate Bonds & Commercial Paper	35%
Bank Time Deposits/Savings Accounts	20%
Bankers' Acceptance	10%
Certificates of Deposit	10%
	Maximum allowed
Oregon LGIP	per ORS 294.810

(4) Property Taxes

Crook County makes assessments of property value, and levies and collects the taxes for the County and all other taxing districts within the County. Assessments of property values are as of January 1. Taxes levied are a lien on the properties as of July 1 of each year. Taxes are due November 15 and a 3% discount is allowed for payment at this time. Uncollected taxes, including delinquent amounts, are deemed to be substantially collectible or recoverable through liens.

(5) Interfund Transfers and Balances Due to/from Other Funds

Cash transfers are indicative of funding for capital projects, debt service, subsidies of various County operations, and re-allocations of special revenues. The County had a balance of \$21,294 in the Belknap Museum Fund due to the General Fund. The County expects repayment of this advance through budgeted transfers in the next fiscal year. Transfers are netted on the Statement of Activities as required by GASB 34. The following schedule briefly summarizes the County's transfer activity for the year ended June 30, 2022:

	Transfers In	Transfers Out
General Fund	\$ -	\$ (1,749,628)
Community Development	15,437	-
Sheriff's Office	403,952	(182,750)
Health Fund	826,965	(38,000)
Reserve Fund	-	(210,000)
Other Governmental Funds	743,413	(93,952)
Airport Fund	90,000	(42,000)
Facilities Fund	236,563	
Total All Funds	\$ 2,316,330	\$ (2,316,330)

(6) <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset activity for governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

	Beginning				Ending
	Balance	Additions	Dis	spositions	Balance
Governmental Activities					
Capital assets not being depreciated					
Land	\$ 4,488,006	\$1,493,342	\$	-	\$ 5,981,348
Construction in progress	596,919	86,628			683,547
Total capital assets not being depreciated	5,084,925	1,579,970			6,664,895
Capital assets being depreciated					
Buildings	37,730,427	212,907		-	37,943,334
Equipment	10,613,363	533,970		(232,991)	10,914,342
Roads & Infrastructure	6,244,948	-		-	6,244,948
Intangibles	335,849	109,129			444,978
Total capital assets being depreciated	54,924,587	856,006		(232,991)	55,547,602
Accumulated depreciation					
Buildings	(14,830,449)	(699,854)		-	(15,530,303)
Equipment	(8,561,050)	(421,468)		187,272	(8,795,246)
Roads & Infrastructure	(2,094,226)	(124,899)		-	(2,219,125)
Intangibles	(76,955)	(72,883)			(149,838)
Total accumulated depreciation	(25,562,680)	(1,319,104)		187,272	(26,694,512)
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 34,446,832	\$1,116,872	\$	(45,720)	\$35,517,985

Depreciation expense for governmental activities is charged to functions as follows:

General government	\$	209,954
Highway and street		287,779
Public safety		558,645
Health and welfare		916
Culture and recreation		261,810
Total Governmental Activities Depreciation	\$ 1	1,319,104

(6) <u>Capital Assets (continued)</u>

Capital asset activity for Business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2022 is as follows:

	Beginning				Ending	
Business-type activities	Balance	Additions	Reclasses	Dispositions	Balance	
Capital assets not being depreciated						
Land - Landfill	\$ 420,370	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 420,370	
Construction in progress - Landfill	904,750	41,600	(904,750)	-	41,600	
Construction in progress - Airport	2,536,073	196,002			2,732,075	
Total capital assets not being depreciated	3,861,192	237,602	(904,750)		3,194,044	
Capital assets being depreciated						
Buildings and improvements - Landfill	591,401	22,438	904,750	(5,100)	1,513,489	
Equipment and vehicles - Landfill	3,153,746	445,821	-	(56,100)	3,543,467	
Landfill cells	1,150,721	-	-	-	1,150,721	
Intangibles - Landfill	-	65,785	-	-	65,785	
Buildings and improvements - Airport	14,762,683	-	-	-	14,762,683	
Equipment - Weed Control	111,149	19,449			130,598	
Total capital assets being depreciated	19,769,700	553,494	904,750	(61,200)	21,166,744	
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION						
Buildings and Improvements - Landfill	(300,581)	(26,043)	-	2,560	(324,064)	
Equipment and vehicles - Landfill	(2,247,293)	(169,686)	-	56,100	(2,360,880)	
Landfill cells	(549,714)	(54,886)	-	-	(604,601)	
Buildings and Improvements - Airport	(2,081,282)	(279,675)	-	-	(2,360,957)	
Equipment - Weed Control	(54,702)	(8,535)	-	-	(63,238)	
Intangibles - Landfill		(6,579)			(6,579)	
Total accumulated depreciation	(5,233,573)	(545,404)		58,660	(5,720,318)	
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$18,397,319	\$ 245,692	\$ -	\$ (2,540)	\$18,640,471	

(7) **<u>Debt</u>**

Governmental Activities

A. Changes in noncurrent liabilities

Long-term liability activity of the governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

Government Activities	Amount of Original Issue	Interest Rates	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Bonds:							
Full Faith & Credit 2017	\$ 3,635,000	3-4%	\$ 3,455,000	\$ -	\$ (45,000)	\$ 3,410,000	45,000
General Obligation 2017	10,000,000	3-5%	9,760,000	-	(90,000)	9,670,000	110,000
Full Faith & Credit 2022	33,698,310	5%	-	33,698,310	-	33,698,310	-
Total	\$ 47,333,310	- -	13,215,000	33,698,310	(135,000)	46,778,310	13,430,000
Premium on Bonds 2017			1,250,914	-	(56,860)	1,194,054	56,860
Premium on Bonds 2022			-	8,846,981	(340,268)	8,506,713	340,269
Compensated Absences			969,248	133,221	(168,851)	933,618	933,618
Total Long-Term Liabilities	S		\$15,435,162	\$ 42,678,512	\$ (700,979)	\$ 57,412,695	\$ 14,760,747

All the bonds noted above contain a provision stating that in the event of default, the majority Owners of the Bonds may take whatever action at law or in equity to enforce the Financing Agreement or protect the rights of the Owner. However, upon default the unpaid principal components will not become immediately due and payable.

Long-term liability activity of the business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

Business-type Activities	Amount of Original Issue	Interest Rate	Beginning Balance	A	dditions	Re	eductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Bond Full Faith & Credit, 2018	\$ 6,080,000	3.5%	\$ 5,940,000	\$	-	\$	(145,000)	\$ 5,795,000	150,000
Discount on FF&C Landfill closure and			(47,615)		-		1,905	(45,710)	1,905
postclosure			2,687,774		236,839			2,924,613	-
Compensated absences			 49,212		16,561		(19,299)	46,474	46,474
Total non-current liabilities			8,629,371		253,400		(162,394)	8,720,377	198,379

In October of 2018, the County issued \$6,080,000 in bonds to finance construction of a building and associated infrastructure at the County's airport. The building is subject to a 20 year lease with the US Forest Service. The interest rate on the bonds is 3.5% and they mature in 2046. The discount on the bonds is \$45,710. The bond financing agreement, above contains a provision stating that in the event of default, the majority Owners of the Bonds may take whatever action at law or in equity to enforce the Financing Agreement or protect the rights of the Owner. However, upon default the unpaid principal components will not become immediately due and payable.

(7) <u>Debt (continued)</u>

B. Future debt service requirements on long-term debt at June 30, 2022, are as follows: Bonds (Governmental):

	Full Faith &	Credit 2017	GO Bonds 2017		GO Bon	ds 2022
Year	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2023	45,000	136,400	110,000	465,000	-	-
2024	50,000	134,600	135,000	460,600	-	-
2025	50,000	132,600	155,000	455,200	-	-
2026	50,000	130,600	180,000	449,000	-	-
2027	55,000	128,600	205,000	441,800	-	-
2028-2032	305,000	608,600	1,505,000	2,041,150	3,038,655	11,528,594
2033-2037	370,000	542,400	2,490,000	1,619,750	5,850,374	11,043,376
2038-2042	450,000	462,200	3,900,000	865,250	9,739,085	9,835,415
2043-2047	550,000	365,000	990,000	49,500	15,070,196	7,129,305
2048-2052	675,000	245,000	-	-	-	-
2053-2057	810,000	99,800				
	\$3,410,000	\$2,985,800	\$ 9,670,000	\$6,847,250	\$33,698,310	\$39,536,690

Bond (Business-Type):

Year	Principal	Interest
2023	150,000	237,874
2024	155,000	232,774
2025	160,000	227,349
2026	165,000	221,589
2027	175,000	215,484
2028-2032	965,000	969,701
2033-2037	1,180,000	752,699
2038-2042	1,450,000	486,081
2043-2047	1,395,000	151,088
	\$5,795,000	\$3,494,638

(8) Defined Benefit Pension Plan

<u>Plan Description</u> – The Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) consists of a single cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan. All benefits of the system are established by the legislature pursuant to Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) Chapters 238 and 238A. Oregon PERS produces an independently audited Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found at:

https://www.oregon.gov/pers/Documents/Financials/CAFR/2021-ACFR.pdf

If the link is expired please contact Oregon PERS for this information.

a. **PERS Pension (Chapter 238)**. The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.

- i. Pension Benefits. The PERS retirement allowance is payable monthly for life. It may be selected from 13 retirement benefit options. These options include survivorship benefits and lump-sum refunds. The basic benefit is based on years of service and final average salary. A percentage (2.0 percent for police and fire employees, and 1.67 percent for general service employees) is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Benefits may also be calculated under either a formula plus annuity (for members who were contributing before August 21, 1981) or a money match computation if a greater benefits results. A member is considered vested and will be eligible at minimum retirement age for a service retirement allowance if he or she has had a contribution in each of five calendar years or has reached at least 50 years of age before ceasing employment with a participating employer (age 45 for police and fire members). General service employees may retire after reaching age 55. Police and fire members are eligible after reaching age 50. Tier 1 general service employee benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 58 with fewer than 30 years of service. Police and fire member benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 55 with fewer than 25 years of service. Tier 2 members are eligible for full benefits at age 60. The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Pension Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.
- ii. **Death Benefits**. Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a lump-sum refund of the member's account balance (accumulated contributions and interest). In addition, the beneficiary will receive a lump-sum payment from employer funds equal to the account balance, provided one or more of the following requirements are met:
 - member was employed by PERS employer at the time of death,
 - member died within 120 days after termination of PERS covered employment,
 - member died as a result of injury sustained while employed in a PERS-covered job, or
 - member was on an official leave of absence from a PERS-covered job at the time of death.
- iii. **Disability Benefits**. A member with 10 or more years of creditable service who becomes disabled from other than duty-connected causes may receive a non-duty disability benefit. A disability resulting from a job-incurred injury or illness qualifies a member (including PERS judge members) for disability benefits regardless of the length of PERS-covered service. Upon qualifying for either a non-duty or duty disability, service time is computed to age 58 (55 for police and fire members) when determining the monthly benefit.
- iv. **Benefit Changes After Retirement**. Members may choose to continue participation in their variable account after retiring and may experience annual benefit fluctuations due to changes in the fair value of the underlying global equity investments of that account. Under ORS 238.360 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes (COLA). The COLA is capped at 2.0 percent.
- b. **OPSRP Pension Program (OPSRP DB)**. The ORS Chapter 238A Defined Benefit Pension Program provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003.
 - i. **Pension Benefits**. This portion of OPSRP provides a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated with the following formula for members who attain normal retirement age:
 - Police and fire: 1.8 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for police and fire members is age 60 or age 53 with 25 years of retirement credit. To be classified as a police and fire member, the individual must have been employed continuously as a police and fire member for at least five years immediately preceding retirement.

General service: 1.5 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for general service members is age 65, or age 58 with 30 years of retirement credit.

A member of the pension program becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, and, if the pension program is terminated, the date on which termination becomes effective.

- ii. **Death Benefits**. Upon the death of a non-retired member, the spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse, receives for life 50 percent of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member. The surviving spouse may elect to delay payment of the death benefit, but payment must commence no later than December 31 of the calendar year in which the member would have reached 70½ years.
 - iii. **Disability Benefits**. A member who has accrued 10 or more years of retirement credits before the member becomes disabled or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury shall receive a disability benefit of 45 percent of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.

Contributions – PERS funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. The funding policy applies to the PERS Defined Benefit Plan and the Other Postemployment Benefit Plans. Employer contribution rates during the period were based on the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation, which became effective July 1, 2021. The state of Oregon and certain schools, community colleges, and political subdivision have made unfunded actuarial liability payments and their rates have been reduced. Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2022 were \$625,189 excluding amounts to fund employer specific liabilities. In addition approximately \$172,950 in employee contributions were paid or picked up by the County in fiscal 2022. At June 30, 2022, the County reported a net pension liability of \$2,941,675 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation dated December 31, 2019. The County's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the County's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2020 and 2021, the County's proportion was .019 percent and .025 percent, respectively. Pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2022 was (\$17,944).

The rates in effect for the year ended June 30, 2021 were:

- (1) Tier 1/Tier 2 26.21%
- (2) OPSRP police and fire 20.83%

	Deferred Outflow		Deferred Inflow	
	of Resources		of	Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	275,360	\$	-
Changes in assumptions		736,390		7,742
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		-		2,177,700
Net changes in proportionate share	1,152,255			372,691
Differences between County contributions				
and proportionate share of contributions		24,355		80,274
Subtotal - Amortized Deferrals (below)		2,188,360		2,638,407
County contributions subsequent to measuring date	625,189			
Deferred outflow (inflow) of resources	\$	2,813,549	\$	2,638,407

The amount of contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be included as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows or inflow of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	 Amount		
2023	\$ 47,165		
2024	(40,181)		
2025	(221,020)		
2026	(376,157)		
2027	140,147		
Thereafter	-		
Total	\$ (450,046)		

All assumptions, methods and plan provisions used in these calculations are described in the Oregon PERS systemwide GASB 68 reporting summary dated February 25, 2022. Oregon PERS produces an independently audited ACFR which can be found at:

https://www.oregon.gov/pers/Documents/Financials/CAFR/2021-ACFR.pdf

<u>Actuarial Valuations</u> – The employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2023, were set using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. For the Tier One/Tier Two component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (1) an amount for normal cost (estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by employees during the current service year), (2) an amount for the amortization unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial liabilities being amortized over 20 years.

For the OPSRP Pension Program component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer rate consisting of (a) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), (b) an actuarially determined amount for funding a disability benefit component, and (c) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over 16 years.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation date	December 31, 2019
Experience Study Report	2018, Published July 24, 2019
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Level percentage of payroll
Asset valuation method	Market value of assets
Inflation rate	2.40 percent (reduced from 2.50 percent)
Investment rate of return	6.90 percent (reduced from 7.20 percent)
Discount rate	6.90 percent (reduced from 7.20 percent)
Projected salary increase	3.40 percent (reduced from 3.50 percent)
Cost of Living Adjustment	Blend of 2% COLA and graded COLA (1.25%/0.15%) in accordance with <i>Moro</i> decision; blend based on service
	Healthy retirees and beneficiaries:
Mortality	Pub-2010 Healthy Retiree, sex distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation. Active members: Pub-2010 Employee, sex distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation. Disabled retirees: Pub-2010 Disabled Retiree, sex distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The method and assumptions shown are based on the 2018 Experience Study which is reviewed for the four-year period ending December 31, 2019.

Assumed Asset Allocation:

Asset Class/Strategy	Low Range	High Range	OIC Target
Debt Securities	15.0%	25.0%	20.0%
Public Equity	27.5%	37.5%	32.5%
Real Estate	9.5%	15.5%	12.5%
Private Equity	14.0%	21.0%	17.5%
Alternatives Portfolio	7.5%	17.5%	15.0%
Opportunity Portfolio	0.0%	5.0%	0.0%
Risk Parity	0.0%	2.5%	2.5%
Total			100.0%

(Source: June 30, 2021 PERS ACFR; p. 104)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in June 2021 the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the OIC long-term target asset allocation. The OIC's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

	Target	Compound Annual
Asset Class	Allocation	(Geometric) Return
Global Equity	30.62%	5.85%
Private Equity	25.50%	7.71%
Core Fixed Income	23.75%	2.73%
Real Estate	12.25%	5.66%
Master Limited Partnerships	0.75%	5.71%
Infrastructure	1.50%	6.26%
Commodities	0.63%	3.10%
Hedge Fund of Funds - Multistrategy	1.25%	5.11%
Hedge Fund Equity - Hedge	0.63%	5.31%
Hedge Fund - Macro	5.62%	5.06%
US Cash	-2.50%	1.76%
Assumed Inflation - Mean		2.40%

(Source: June 30, 2021 PERS ACFR; p. 74)

Discount Rate — The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90 percent for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan, a reduction approved by the Board from 7.20 percent in the prior fiscal year. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from the plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate – the following presents the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.90 percent, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower (5.90 percent) or one percent higher (7.90 percent) than the current rate.

		1%		Discount		1%
	Decrease		Rate		Increase	
		(5.90%)		(6.90%)		(7.90%)
County's proportionate share of						
the net pension liability	\$	5,776,747	\$	2,941,675	\$	569,750

Changes Subsequent to the Measurement Date

As described above, GASB 67 and GASB 68 require the Total Pension Liability to be determined based on the benefit terms in effect at the Measurement Date. Any changes to benefit terms that occurs after that date are reflected in amounts reported for the subsequent Measurement Date. However, Paragraph 80f of GASB 68 requires employers to briefly describe any changes between the Measurement Date and the employer's reporting date that are expected to have a significant effect on the employer's share of the collective Net Pension Liability, along with an estimate of the resulting change, if available.

There are no changes subsequent to the June 30, 2021 Measurement Date that meet this requirement and thus would require a brief description under the GASB standard.

Deferred Compensation Plan

A deferred compensation plan is available to employees wherein they may execute an individual agreement with the County for amounts earned by them to not be paid until a future date when certain circumstances are met. These circumstances are: termination by reason of resignation, death, disability, or retirement; unforeseeable emergency; or by requesting a de minimis distribution from inactive accounts valued less than \$5,000. Payment to the employee will be made over a period not to exceed 15 years. The deferred compensation plan is one which is authorized under IRC Section 457 and has been approved in its specifics by a private ruling from the Internal Revenue Service. The assets of the plan are held by the administrator for the sole benefit of the plan participants and are not considered assets or liabilities of the County.

OPSRP Individual Account Program (OPSRP IAP)

Plan Description:

Employees of the County are provided with pensions through OPERS. All the benefits of OPERS are established by the Oregon legislature pursuant to Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) Chapters 238 and 238A. Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Pension Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003. Chapter 238A created the Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), which consists of the Defined Benefit Pension Program and the Individual Account Program (IAP). Membership includes public employees hired on or after August 29, 2003. PERS members retain their existing defined benefit plan accounts, but member contributions are deposited into the member's IAP account. OPSRP is part of OPERS, and is administered by the OPERS Board.

Pension Benefits:

Participants in OPERS defined benefit pension plans also participate in their defined contribution plan. An IAP member becomes vested on the date the employee account is established or on the date the rollover account was established. If the employer makes optional employer contributions for a member, the member becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, the date the IAP is terminated, the date the active member becomes disabled, or the date the active member dies. Upon retirement, a member of the OPSRP IAP may receive the amounts in his or her employee account, rollover account, and vested employer account as a lump-sum payment or in equal installments over a 5-, 10-, 15-, 20-year period or an anticipated life span option. Each distribution option has a \$200 minimum distribution limit.

Death Benefits:

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives in a lump sum the member's account balance, rollover account balance, and vested employer optional contribution account balance. If a retired member dies before the installment payments are completed, the beneficiary may receive the remaining installment payments or choose a lump-sum payment.

Contributions:

Employees of the County pay six (6) percent of their covered payroll. Effective July 1, 2020, currently employed Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP members earning \$2,500 or more per month (increased to \$2,535 per month on January 1, 2021) will have a portion of their 6 percent monthly IAP contributions redirected to an Employee Pension Stability Account. The Employee Pension Stability Account will be used to pay part of the member's future benefit. Of the 6 percent monthly IAP contribution, Tier 1/Tier 2 will have 2.5 percent redirected to the Employee Pension Stability Account, and OPSRP will have 0.75 percent redirected to the Employee Pension Stability Account, with the remaining going to the member's existing IAP account. Members may voluntarily choose to make additional after-tax contributions into their IAP account to make a full 6 percent contribution to the IAP. The County made \$172,950 optional contributions to member IAP accounts for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Additional disclosures related to Oregon PERS not applicable to specific employers are available online, or by contacting PERS at the following address: PO Box 23700 Tigard, OR 97281-3700.

http://www.oregon.gov/pers/EMP/Pages/GASB.aspx

Retirement Health Insurance Account

Plan Description:

As a member of Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) the County contributes to the Retirement Health Insurance Account (RHIA) for each of its eligible employees. RHIA is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit plan administered by OPERS. RHIA pays a monthly contribution toward the cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums of eligible retirees. Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 238.420 established this trust fund. Authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of RHIA reside with the Oregon Legislature. The plan is closed to new entrants after January 1, 2004. OPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, PO Box 23700, Tigard, OR 97281-3700.

Funding Policy:

Because RHIA was created by enabling legislation (ORS 238.420), contribution requirements of the plan members and the participating employers were established and may be amended only by the Oregon Legislature. ORS require that an amount equal to \$60 dollars or the total monthly cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums coverage, whichever is less, shall be paid from the Retirement Health Insurance Account established by the employer, and any monthly cost in excess of \$60 dollars shall be paid by the eligible retired member in the manner provided in ORS 238.410. To be eligible to receive this monthly payment toward the premium cost the member must: (1) have eight years or more of qualifying service in OPERS at the time of retirement or receive a disability allowance as if the member had eight years or more of creditable service in OPERS, (2) receive both Medicare Parts A and B coverage, and (3) enroll in an OPERS-sponsored health plan. A surviving spouse or dependent of a deceased OPERS retiree who was eligible to receive the subsidy is eligible to receive the subsidy if he or she (1) is receiving a retirement benefit or allowance from OPERS or (2) was insured at the time the member died and the member retired before May 1, 1991.

Participating counties are contractually required to contribute to RHIA at a rate assessed each year by OPERS, and the County currently contributes 0.06% of annual covered OPERF payroll and 0.00% of OPSRP payroll under a contractual requirement in effect until June 30, 2022. Consistent with GASB Statement 75, the OPERS Board of Trustees sets the employer contribution rates as a measure of the proportionate relationship of the employer to all employers consistent with the manner in which contributions to the OPEB plan are determined. The basis for the employer's portion is determined by comparing the employer's actual, legally required contributions made during the fiscal year to the plan with the total actual contributions made in the fiscal year of all employers. The County's contributions to RHIA for the years ended June 30, 2020, 2021, and 2022 were \$722, and \$333 and \$515, respectively, which equaled the required contributions each year.

At June 30, 2022, the County's net OPEB liability/(asset) and deferred inflows and outflows were not considered significant by management and were not accrued on the government wide statements.

(9) <u>Defined Contribution Retirement Plan</u>

The County sponsors a 401 (k) plan for all eligible employees except in the Sheriff's department, which are covered by the Public Employees Retirement System (Note 7). The Plan is known as the Crook County Employees 401 (k) Plan. The County contributed a flat amount of \$325 per month for each eligible employee until January 1, 2022 when contributions were updated to the greater of a flat amount of \$325 per month or 8% of gross wages for each eligible employee. The County Court established the Plan and has the authority to amend the Plan as may be necessary. Employees are eligible after 500 hours of service in a six month consecutive period. Employees may also make voluntary contributions to their plan accounts within limits established by the Internal Revenue Service. Total employer and employee contributions for the year ended June 30, 2022, were \$633,679 and \$517,592, respectively.

(10) Risk management

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The County purchases commercial insurance for coverage of its various risks. The costs of insurance are allocated to all departments/operations throughout the County based upon estimated premium coverage for that/those particular activity or activities. Amounts of settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage in the past three years.

(11) Landfill Closure and Post-closure Care Costs

State and Federal laws and regulations require that the County Landfill place a final cover on its landfill sites and perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the landfill sites for a minimum of 30 years after closure. In addition to operating expenses related to current activities of the landfill sites, an expense provision and related liability are being recognized based on the future closure and post-closure care costs that will be incurred near or after the date the landfills no longer accept waste. The recognition of these landfill closure and post-closure care costs is based on the amount of the landfills used (capacity) during the year. The estimated liability for landfill closure and post-closure care costs is \$2,924,613 as of June 30, 2022, which is based on 74 percent usage (filled) of the landfill. It is estimated that an additional \$1,027,567 will be recognized as closure and post-closure care expenses between the date of the balance sheet and the date the landfills are currently expected to be filled to capacity (the year 2031). The estimated total current cost of the landfill closure and post-closure care of \$3,952,180 is based on the amount that would be paid if all equipment, facilities and services required to close, monitor and maintain the landfills were acquired as of June 30, 2022. However, the actual cost of closure and post-closure care may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology or changes in landfill laws and regulations. In addition, the County is required by State and Federal laws and regulations to make annual contributions to finance closure and post-closure care. For the past several years, the County has designated resources for future closure and post-closure care and it anticipates continuing to do so. The County meets the "Local Government Financial Test" which provides financial assurance as to the County's ability to meet its financial obligations for closure and post-closure. The County is in compliance with these requirements, and at June 30, 2022, cash and investments of \$5,005,939 in the Landfill Fund are part of the pooled funds held by the County Treasurer.

(12) Commitment and Contingencies

The County is contingently liable with respect to lawsuits and other claims incidental to the ordinary course of its operations. Claims are reviewed and losses are accrued based on the judgment of County management. According to County management, based on advice of legal counsel with respect to such litigation and claims, ultimate disposition of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial position or results of County operations.

(13) Other Post-Employment Benefits

Post-Employment Health Insurance Subsidy

Plan Description

The County administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan that covers both active and retired participants. The plan provides post-retirement healthcare benefits for eligible retirees and their dependents through the County's group health insurance plans. The County's post-retirement plan was established in accordance with Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) 243.303 which states, in part, that for the purposes of establishing healthcare premiums, the calculated rate must be based on the cost of all plan members, including both active employees and retirees. Because claim costs are generally higher for retiree groups than for active members, the premium amount does not represent the full cost of coverage for retirees. The resulting additional cost, or implicit subsidy, is required to be valued under GASB Statement 75 related to Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB). Calculations are based on the OPEB benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between the employer and plan members to that point. Actuarial valuations for OPEB plans involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Actuarial calculations of the OPEB plan reflect a long-term perspective. The valuation date was July 1, 2020 and the measurement date was June 30, 2021.

(13) Other Post-Employment Benefits (continued)

Funding Policy

The County has not established a trust fund to finance the cost of post-employment health care benefits related to implicit rate subsidies. Premiums are paid by retirees based on the rates established for active employees. Additional costs related to an implicit subsidy are paid by the County on a pay-as-you-go basis. There is no obligation on the part of the County to fund these benefits in advance. The County considered the liability to be solely the responsibility of the County as a whole and it is allocated to the governmental statements.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The County engaged an actuary to perform a valuation as of June 30, 2020 using the Entry Age Normal, level percent of salary Actuarial Cost Method. Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 healthy white collar male and female mortality tables, set back one year for males. Mortality is projected on a generational basis using Scale BB for males and females. Demographic assumptions regarding retirement, mortality, and turnover are based on Oregon PERS valuation assumptions as of December 31, 2019. Election rate and lapse assumptions are based on experience implied by valuation data for this and other Oregon public employers.

Health Care Cost Trend Medical and vision:

	Year Pr	re-65 Trend
	2020	3.75%
	2021	5.75%
	2022	5.25%
	2023-2025	5.00%
	2026-2040	4.75%
	2041-2049	5.00%
	2050-2064	4.75%
	2065-2067	4.50%
	2068-2071	4.25%
	2072+	4.00%
	Dental: -1.25%	for 2020 4.00% per year
	Health care cos	t trend affects both the projected health
	care costs as w	ell as the projected health care
General Inflation	2.50% per year	, used to develop other economic
	assumptions	
Annual Pay Increases	3.50% per year	, based on general inflation and the
•	likelihood of rais	ses throughout participants' careers
Mortality	Pub-2010 Gene	ral and Safety Employee and Healthy
	Retiree tables, s	sex distinct for members and dependents,
	with a one-year	setback for male general service
	employees and	female safety employees
Disability	Not used	7 1 7
Withdrawal	Based on Orego	on PERS assumptions. Annual rates are
	based on emplo	yment classification, gender, and duration
	from hire date.	
Retirement	Based on Orego	on PERS assumptions. Annual rates are
	•	Tier/OPSRP, duration of service, and
	employment cla	
	omployment ca	BBH Carlott.

(13) Other Post-Employment Benefits (continued)

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

Total OPEB Liability at June 30, 2021	\$ 512,198
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	78,662
Interest	12,802
Changes in benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	-
Changes of assumptions or other input	2,346
Benefit payments	(23,259)
Balance as of June 30, 2022	\$ 582,749

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Trend Rates

The following analysis presents the net OPEB liability using a discount rate of 2.16%, as well as what the County's net OPEB liability would be if it was calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (1.16%) or one percentage point higher (3.16%) than the current rate, a similar sensitivity analysis is presented for the changes in the healthcare trend assumption:

		1%	Current		1%		
	D	ecrease		Discount Rate		Increase	
		1.16%			2.16%		3.16%
Total OPEB Liability	\$	630,575		\$	582,749	\$	538,122
		1%		C	Current		1%
	D	ecrease	Trend Rate		Increase		
	Healthcare			Не	ealthcare	Не	althcare
Total OPEB Liability	\$	509,774	_	\$	582,749	\$	670,149

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB Benefits

The County reports information on deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources at year end as well as a schedule of amounts of those deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that will be recognized in other post-employment benefit expense for the following five years.

	Deferred Inflows of Resources		Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	(49,396)	\$	-
Changes in assumptions or other input		(61,930)		68,686
Benefit Payments				16,670
Deferred outflow (inflow) of resources	\$	(111,326)	\$	85,356

The County deemed the OPEB deferred inflows/outflows not significant to the financial statements and therefore did not accrue the amounts in the government wide statements.

(13) Other Post-Employment Benefits (continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows or inflow of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	 Amount		
2023	\$ (23,099)		
2024	(18,481)		
2025	(10,786)		
2026	6,653		
2027	2,893		
Thereafter	 180		
Total	\$ (42,640)		

(14) Fund Balances

The specific purposes for each of the categories of fund balance as of June 30, 2022 are as follows:

	General Fund	Road Fund	Community Development	Sheriff's Office	Health Fund
Nonspendable:					
Inventories	\$ -	\$ 1,457,053	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Restricted					
Grants	-	=			2,799,165
Roads	-	16,062,906			-
Debt Service	-	=			-
Total Restricted	-	16,062,906	-	-	2,799,165
Assigned					
Capital Projects	-	-	-	-	-
Other Purposes	-	-	11,107,133	3,229,321	-
Reserve	-	-	-	-	-
Total assigned	-	-	11,107,133	3,229,321	-
<u>Unassigned</u>	4,559,381		<u>-</u>		
Total Fund Balances	\$4,559,381	\$17,519,959	\$11,107,133	\$3,229,321	\$ 2,799,165

(14) Fund Balances (continued)

	Reserve Fund	Justice Center Project Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total		
Nonspendable: Inventories	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,457,053		
111 / 611/611/65				4 1,107,000		
Restricted						
Grants	-	-	1,772,290	4,571,455		
Roads	-	-	-	16,062,906		
Capital Projects		38,987,216	367,154	39,354,370		
Debt Service	-		34,739	34,739		
Total Restricted	-	38,987,216	2,174,183	60,023,470		
Assigned						
Other Purposes	_	_	1,732,821	16,069,275		
Reserve	10,830,241	-	-	10,830,241		
Total assigned	10,830,241	-	1,732,821	26,899,516		
<u>Unassigned</u>				4,559,381		
Total Fund Balances	\$ 10,830,241	\$ 38,987,216	\$ 3,907,004	\$ 92,939,420		

(15) Tax Abatement

As of June 30, 2022, the County provides tax abatements through three programs: Long-Term Rural Enterprise Zone Facilities, ORS 285C.400, Levy Exemption, ORS 307.519 and 2015 Oregon Laws Chapter 571 regarding solar agreements.

The Oregon Long-Term Rural Enterprise Zone Facilities program is a State of Oregon economic development program established, that allows for property tax exemptions for up to fifteen years. In exchange for receiving property tax exemption, participating firms are required to meet the program requirements set by state statute and the local sponsor. This program is only available in counties with chronic low income or chronic unemployment. The Enterprise Zone program allows industrial firms that will be making a substantial new capital investment a waiver of 100% of the amount of real property taxes attributable to the new investment for up to a 15-year period after completion. Land or existing machinery or equipment is not tax exempt; therefore, there is no loss of current property tax levies to local taxing jurisdiction.

The Levy Exemption ORS 307.519 provides an exemption from taxation for low income housing properties. These properties must either be offered for rent or held for the purpose of developing low income rental housing.

2015 Oregon Laws regarding solar agreements provides an exemption from taxation for properties constituting solar projects and allows the payment of a few in lieu of property taxes imposed on the property.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, the County abated property taxes totaling \$17,888,131, \$16,804, and \$873,298 under the Enterprise Zone, Levy Exemption and 2015 Oregon Laws Chapter 571, respectively.

16. Deficit Fund Balance

The Crook County Airport Project fund reported an ending deficit fund balance of \$35,441 on page 85 of the financial statements. This was due to the timing of the receipt of grant revenues for the year ended June 30, 2022. The County plans to receive grant revenues in financial year 2023 to cover the deficit fund balance.

17. Leases

Leases Payable

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the financial statements include the adoption of GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. The primary objective of this statement is to enhance the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. This statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. For additional information, refer to the disclosures below.

On July 1, 2021, The County entered into a 66 month lease as Lessee for the use of 375 NW Beaver Street. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$554,329.14. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease liability is \$454,862.71. The County is required to make monthly variable principal and interest payments of \$8,559.79 based on a CPI index of 0.00%. The lease has an interest rate of 0.7030%. The Buildings estimated useful life was 240 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2022 of \$554,329.14 with accumulated amortization of \$100,787.12 is included with Buildings on the Lease Class activities table found below.

On July 1, 2021, The County entered into a 22 month lease as Lessee for the use of Mailing Systems - Administration. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$663.71. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease liability is \$284.69. The County is required to make quarterly fixed payments of \$95.00. The lease has an interest rate of 0.2180%. The Equipment estimated useful life was 22 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2022 of \$663.71 with accumulated amortization of \$354.51 is included with Equipment on the Lease Class activities table found below.

On July 1, 2021, The County entered into a 59 month lease as Lessee for the use of Xerox Copier - Library. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$7,569.04. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease liability is \$6,044.69. The County is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$130.10. The lease has an interest rate of 0.5770%. The Equipment estimated useful life was 59 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2022 of \$7,569.04 with accumulated amortization of \$1,533.40 is included with Equipment on the Lease Class activities table found below.

On July 1, 2021, The County entered into a 36 month lease as Lessee for the use of Copier - 203 NE Court St... An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$5,398.91. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease liability is \$3,736.82. The County is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$171.31. The lease has an interest rate of 9.3460%. The Equipment estimated useful life was 36 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2022 of \$5,398.91 with accumulated amortization of \$1,796.31 is included with Equipment on the Lease Class activities table found below. The County has the option to purchase the Equipment for \$3,101.23.

On July 1, 2021, The County entered into a 34 month lease as Lessee for the use of Canon Copier - XTK07115. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$3,443.40. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease liability is \$2,378.01. The County is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$123.00. The lease has an interest rate of 13.8379%. The Equipment estimated useful life was 34 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the

right to use asset as of June 30, 2022 of \$3,443.40 with accumulated amortization of \$1,189.66 is included with Equipment on the Lease Class activities table found below. The County has the option to purchase the Equipment for \$1,093.23.

On July 1, 2021, The County entered into a 20 month lease as Lessee for the use of Canon Copier - XLN03851. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$2,727.54. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease liability is \$1,205.15. The County is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$138.00. The lease has an interest rate of 7.2800%. The Equipment estimated useful life was 20 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2022 of \$2,727.54 with accumulated amortization of \$1,578.64 is included with Equipment on the Lease Class activities table found below. The County has the option to purchase the Equipment for \$2,498.28.

On July 1, 2021, The County entered into a 20 month lease as Lessee for the use of Canon Copier - SKA12672. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$3,312.05. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease liability is \$1,382.33. The County is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$179.00. The lease has an interest rate of 9.4958%. The Equipment estimated useful life was 20 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2022 of \$3,312.05 with accumulated amortization of \$1,964.31 is included with Equipment on the Lease Class activities table found below. The County has the option to purchase the Equipment for \$3,240.54.

On July 1, 2021, The County entered into an 18 month lease as Lessee for the use of Canon Copier - Legal Department. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$2,479.84. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease liability is \$827.50. The County is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$138.00. The lease has an interest rate of 0.2180%. The Equipment estimated useful life was 18 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2022 of \$2,479.84 with accumulated amortization of \$1,588.51 is included with Equipment on the Lease Class activities table found below.

On March 8, 2022, The County entered into a 60 month lease as Lessee for the use of Canon Copier - Health Department. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$3,780.86. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease liability is \$3,553.66. The County is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$79.00. The lease has an interest rate of 9.6116%. The Equipment estimated useful life was 60 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2022 of \$3,780.86 with accumulated amortization of \$237.22 is included with Equipment on the Lease Class activities table found below. The County has the option to purchase the Equipment for \$628.10.

On July 1, 2021, The County entered into a 46 month lease as Lessee for the use of Canon Copier - Finance Office. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$8,822.63. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease liability is \$6,721.50. The County is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$219.44. The lease has an interest rate of 7.3003%. The Equipment estimated useful life was 46 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2022 of \$8,822.63 with accumulated amortization of \$2,294.90 is included with Equipment on the Lease Class activities table found below. The County has the option to purchase the Equipment for \$4,244.18.

On July 1, 2021, The County entered into a 47 month lease as Lessee for the use of Canon Copier - Comm. Dev. (2). An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$18,334.59. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease liability is \$14,008.46. The County is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$435.00. The lease has an interest rate of 5.6398%. The Equipment estimated useful life was 47 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2022 of \$18,334.59 with accumulated amortization of \$4,615.70 is included

with Equipment on the Lease Class activities table found below. The County has the option to purchase the Equipment for \$6,474.65.

On July 1, 2021, The County entered into a 46 month lease as Lessee for the use of Canon Copier - C5550i. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$8,327.41. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease liability is \$6,336.68. The County is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$206.00. The lease has an interest rate of 6.9978%. The Equipment estimated useful life was 46 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2022 of \$8,327.41 with accumulated amortization of \$2,166.09 is included with Equipment on the Lease Class activities table found below. The County has the option to purchase the Equipment for \$3,605.61.

On July 1, 2021, The County entered into a 37 month lease as Lessee for the use of Canon Copier - 300 NE 3rd St Room 23. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$4,751.49. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease liability is \$3,334.03. The County is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$147.52. The lease has an interest rate of 9.5004%. The Equipment estimated useful life was 37 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2022 of \$4,751.49 with accumulated amortization of \$1,539.64 is included with Equipment on the Lease Class activities table found below. The County has the option to purchase the Equipment for \$2,407.91.

On July 1, 2021, The County entered into a 28 month lease as Lessee for the use of Canon Copier - 110 SW Landfill Rd. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$2,716.30. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease liability is \$1,659.29. The County is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$105.29. The lease has an interest rate of 10.2645%. The Equipment estimated useful life was 28 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2022 of \$2,716.30 with accumulated amortization of \$1,126.57 is included with Equipment on the Lease Class activities table found below. The County has the option to purchase the Equipment for \$1,618.88.

On July 1, 2021, The County entered into a 49 month lease as Lessee for the use of McCormack Gravel Pit Lease. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$3,970.52. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease liability is \$2,972.79. The County is required to make annual fixed payments of \$1,000.00. The lease has an interest rate of 0.4570%. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2022 of \$3,970.52 with accumulated amortization of \$962.55 is included with Land on the Lease Class activities table found below.

On July 1, 2021, The County entered into a 90 month lease as Lessee for the use of Bedortha Rock Quarry. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$7,699.68. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease liability is \$6,736.91. The County is required to make annual fixed payments of \$1,000.00. The lease has an interest rate of 0.9670%. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2022 of \$7,699.68 with accumulated amortization of \$1,026.62 is included with Land on the Lease Class activities table found below.

On July 1, 2021, The County entered into a 15 month lease as Lessee for the use of 260 SW 2nd Street. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$1,514,356.06. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease liability is \$7,986.74. The County is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$1,000.00. The lease has an interest rate of 0.1850%. The Buildings estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the right to use asset as of June 30, 2022 of \$0.00 with accumulated amortization of \$0.00 is included with Buildings on the Lease Class activities table found below. The County has the option to purchase the Buildings for \$1,500,000.00. The County has 1 extension option(s), each for 12 months.

Amount of Lease Assets by Major Classes of Underlying Asset

		As of Fiscal Year-end						
Asset Class	Lease Asset Value	Accumulated Amortization	Lease Assets (net)					
Buildings	554,329	100,787	453,542					
Equipment	72,328	21,985	50,343					
Land	11,670	1,989	9,681					
Total Leases	638,327	124,761	513,566					

Principal and Interest Requirements to Maturity

	Business-Type Activities								
Fiscal Year	Principal Payments	Interest Payments	Total Payments						
2023	1,146	117	1,263						
2024	513	13	526						
Total	1,659	130	1,789						

	Governmental Activities								
Fiscal Year	Principal Payments	Interest Payments	Total Payments						
2023	121,006	5,635	126,641						
2024	118,936	3,672	122,608						
2025	114,436	1,978	116,414						
2026	105,202	894	106,097						
2027	52,835	156	52,991						
2028 - 2029	1,971	29	2,000						
Total	514,386	12,364	526,751						

Leases Receivable

For the year ended 6/30/2022, the financial statements include the adoption of GASB Statement No. 87, Leases. The primary objective of this statement is to enhance the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. This statement establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources. For additional information, refer to the disclosures below.

On July 1, 2021, Crook County entered into a 403 month lease as Lessor for the use of Prineville Solar Lease. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$6,404,634.04. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$6,295,269.06. The lessee is required to make annual fixed payments of \$181,254.33. The lease has an interest rate of 1.7050%. The Land estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$6,213,925.33, and Crook County recognized lease revenue of \$190,708.71 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 1 extension option(s), each for 144 months.

On July 1, 2021, Crook County entered into a 202 month lease as Lessor for the use of Helibase Lease. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$4,889,808.31. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$4,896,386.91. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$28,806.56. The lease has an interest rate of 1.4270%. The Land Improvements estimated useful life was 475 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$5,759,560.03, and Crook County recognized lease revenue of \$363,697.88 during the fiscal year.

On March 2, 2022, Crook County entered into a 360 month lease as Lessor for the use of 4075 Aviation Blvd. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$20,540.10. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$19,693.10The lessee is required to make annual variable principal and interest payments of \$847.00 based on a CPI index of 0.00%. The lease has an interest rate of 1.7510%. The Land estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$20,313.75, and Crook County recognized lease revenue of \$226.34 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 1 extension option(s), each for 120 months.

On July 1, 2021, Crook County entered into a 385 month lease as Lessor for the use of Hangar - 13920 S. ELM St. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$14,373.18. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$13,914.12The lessee is required to make annual variable principal and interest payments of \$581.59 based on a CPI index of 0.00%. The lease has an interest rate of 1.7050%. The Land estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$13,925.92, and Crook County recognized lease revenue of \$447.26 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 1 extension option(s), each for 120 months.

On February 7, 2022, Crook County entered into a 480 month lease as Lessor for the use of 4219 Aviation Blvd. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$64,786.75. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$33,678.75. The lessee is required to make annual fixed payments of \$1,176.00. The lease has an interest rate of 1.7510%. The Land estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$64,139.96, and Crook County recognized lease revenue of \$646.79 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 1 extension option(s), each for 120 months.

On March 3, 2022, Crook County entered into a 360 month lease as Lessor for the use of 4187 SW Aviation Blvd. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$20,166.64. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$19,335.04The lessee is required to make annual variable principal and interest payments of \$831.60 based on a CPI index of 0.00%. The lease has an interest rate of 1.7510%. The Land estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$19,944.43, and Crook County recognized lease revenue of \$222.21 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 1 extension option(s), each for 60 months.

On July 1, 2021, Crook County entered into a 348 month lease as Lessor for the use of 4169 SW Aviation Blvd. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$16,051.42. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$15,488.13. The lessee is required to make annual fixed payments of \$699.25. The lease has an interest rate of 1.6940%. The Land estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$15,499.35, and Crook County recognized lease revenue of \$552.07 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 1 extension option(s), each for 120 months.

On July 1, 2021, Crook County entered into a 90 month lease as Lessor for the use of 4085 SW Airport Road. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$7,013.36. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$6,011.22The lessee is required to make annual variable principal and interest payments of \$1,036.05 based on a CPI index of 0.00%. The lease has an interest rate of 0.9670%. The Land estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$6,078.24, and Crook County recognized lease revenue of \$935.11 during the fiscal year.

On July 1, 2021, Crook County entered into a 238 month lease as Lessor for the use of 4013 Aviation Blvd. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$15,385.23. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$14,494.71The lessee is required to make annual variable principal and interest payments of \$890.52 based on a CPI index of 0.00%. The lease has an interest rate of 1.5180%. The Land estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$14,611.45, and Crook County recognized lease revenue of \$773.78 during the fiscal year.

On April 1, 2022, Crook County entered into a 120 month lease as Lessor for the use of Les Schwab Hangars - LASER. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$372,895.80. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$363,899.79The lessee is required to make monthly variable principal and interest payments of \$3,500.00 based on a CPI index of 0.00%. The lease has an interest rate of 2.4520%. The Buildings estimated useful life was 336 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$363,573.40, and Crook County recognized lease revenue of \$9,322.39 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 1 extension option(s), each for 60 months.

On July 1, 2021, Crook County entered into a 214 month lease as Lessor for the use of Hangar - 4-T. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$9,571.92. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$9,037.61The lessee is required to make annual variable principal and interest payments of \$604.28 based on a CPI index of 0.00%. The lease has an interest rate of 1.4620%. The Land estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$9,035.18, and Crook County recognized lease revenue of \$536.74 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 1 extension option(s), each for 120 months.

On July 1, 2021, Crook County entered into a 204 month lease as Lessor for the use of TDS (Bend Broadband) Lot 17. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$71,376.57. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$67,579.94The lessee is required to make monthly variable principal and interest payments of \$392.08 based on a CPI index of 0.00%. The lease has an interest rate of 1.4270%. The Land estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$67,180.00, and Crook County recognized lease revenue of \$4,196.56 during the fiscal year.

On May 18, 2022, Crook County entered into a 480 month lease as Lessor for the use of Hangar - Godlasky. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$19,649.04. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$9,351.87. The lessee is required to make annual fixed payments of \$394.24. The lease has an interest rate of 2.9070%. The Land estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$19,590.42, and Crook County recognized lease revenue of \$58.62 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 1 extension option(s), each for 120 months.

On July 1, 2021, Crook County entered into a 90 month lease as Lessor for the use of Hangar - 432 Lakefront Ln. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$11,810.85. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$10,123.20The lessee is required to make annual variable principal and interest payments of \$1,744.76 based on a CPI index of 0.00%. The lease has an interest rate of 0.9670%. The Land estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$10,236.07, and Crook County recognized lease revenue of \$1,574.78 during the fiscal year.

On July 1, 2021, Crook County entered into a 357 month lease as Lessor for the use of Hangar - Wolfe Pack A-16. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$22,887.76. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$22,110.15The lessee is required to make annual variable principal and interest payments of \$972.73 based on a CPI index of 0.00%. The lease has an interest rate of 1.7050%. The Land estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$22,119.43, and Crook County recognized lease revenue of \$768.33 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 1 extension option(s), each for 120 months.

On July 1, 2021, Crook County entered into a 329 month lease as Lessor for the use of Hangar - Wolfe Pack A-13. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$15,215.01. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$14,643.11The lessee is required to make annual variable principal and interest payments of \$699.25 based on a CPI index of 0.00%. The lease has an interest rate of 1.6740%. The Land estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$14,660.11, and Crook County recognized lease revenue of \$554.90 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 1 extension option(s), each for 120 months.

On July 1, 2021, Crook County entered into a 329 month lease as Lessor for the use of Hangar A-11. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$16,429.81. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$15,812.25The lessee is required to make annual variable principal and interest payments of \$755.08 based on a CPI index of 0.00%. The lease has an interest rate of 1.6740%. The Land estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$15,830.61, and Crook County recognized lease revenue of \$599.20 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 1 extension option(s), each for 120 months.

On July 1, 2021, Crook County entered into a 329 month lease as Lessor for the use of Hangar - Wolfe Pack A-9. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$15,215.01. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$14,643.11The lessee is required to make annual variable principal and interest payments of \$699.25 based on a CPI index of 0.00%. The lease has an interest rate of 1.6740%. The Land estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$14,660.11, and Crook County recognized lease revenue of \$554.90 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 1 extension option(s), each for 120 months.

On July 1, 2021, Crook County entered into a 312 month lease as Lessor for the use of Hangar - Shelk J-4. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$21,071.97. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$20,250.52The lessee is required to make annual variable principal and interest payments of \$996.66 based on a CPI index of 0.00%. The lease has an interest rate of 1.6630%. The Land estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$20,262.90, and Crook County recognized lease revenue of \$809.08 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 1 extension option(s), each for 120 months.

On July 1, 2021, Crook County entered into a 312 month lease as Lessor for the use of Hangar J-2. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$19,794.75. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$19,023.09. The lessee is required to make annual fixed payments of \$936.25. The lease has an interest rate of 1.6630%. The Land estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$19,034.71, and Crook County recognized lease revenue of \$760.04 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 1 extension option(s), each for 120 months.

On July 1, 2021, Crook County entered into a 314 month lease as Lessor for the use of Hangar A-15. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$12,151.07. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$11,677.39The lessee is required to make annual variable principal and interest payments of \$574.72 based on a CPI index of 0.00%. The lease has an interest rate of 1.6630%. The Land estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$11,687.29, and Crook County recognized lease revenue of \$463.78 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 1 extension option(s), each for 120 months.

On July 1, 2021, Crook County entered into a 476 month lease as Lessor for the use of Hangar - Robbins Family. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$28,415.13. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$27,679.88The lessee is required to make annual variable principal and interest payments of \$977.49 based on a CPI index of 0.00%. The lease has an interest rate of 1.7050%. The Land estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$27,699.58, and Crook County recognized lease revenue of \$715.55 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 1 extension option(s), each for 120 months.

On July 1, 2021, Crook County entered into an 86 month lease as Lessor for the use of Hangar - Prineville Aviation. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$3,248.50. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$2,776.65The lessee is required to make annual variable principal and interest payments of \$476.36 based on a CPI index of 0.00%. The lease has an interest rate of 0.8330%. The Land estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$2,795.22, and Crook County recognized lease revenue of \$453.28 during the fiscal year.

On July 1, 2021, Crook County entered into a 113 month lease as Lessor for the use of Hangar - Peverieri. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$7,225.18. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$6,421.94. The lessee is required to make annual fixed payments of \$842.80. The lease has an interest rate of 1.0950%. The Land estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$6,464.19, and Crook County recognized lease revenue of \$760.99 during the fiscal year.

On July 1, 2021, Crook County entered into a 31 month lease as Lessor for the use of Hangar - 607 NE 3rd St. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$884.76. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$442.58. The lessee is required to make annual fixed payments of \$443.98. The lease has an interest rate of 0.3150%. The Land estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$550.54, and Crook County recognized lease revenue of \$334.22 during the fiscal year.

On July 1, 2021, Crook County entered into a 412 month lease as Lessor for the use of Hangar - Orr. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$16,898.98. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$16,389.52The lessee is required to make annual variable principal and interest payments of \$653.52 based on a CPI index of 0.00%. The lease has an interest rate of 1.7050%. The Land estimated useful life was 0 months as of

the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$16,406.86, and Crook County recognized lease revenue of \$492.12 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 1 extension option(s), each for 120 months.

On July 1, 2021, Crook County entered into a 315 month lease as Lessor for the use of Hangar - Oberdofer Trust J5. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$19,794.75. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$19,023.09The lessee is required to make annual variable principal and interest payments of \$936.25 based on a CPI index of 0.00%. The lease has an interest rate of 1.6630%. The Land estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$19,040.66, and Crook County recognized lease revenue of \$754.09 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 1 extension option(s), each for 120 months.

On July 1, 2021, Crook County entered into a 314 month lease as Lessor for the use of Hangar J-3. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$15,424.79. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$14,823.49The lessee is required to make annual variable principal and interest payments of \$729.56 based on a CPI index of 0.00%. The lease has an interest rate of 1.6630%. The Land estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$14,836.80, and Crook County recognized lease revenue of \$587.98 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 1 extension option(s), each for 120 months.

On July 1, 2021, Crook County entered into a 448 month lease as Lessor for the use of 4411 SW Airport Road. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$21,594.72. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$20,993.69The lessee is required to make annual variable principal and interest payments of \$785.13 based on a CPI index of 0.00%. The lease has an interest rate of 1.7050%. The Land estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$21,016.85, and Crook County recognized lease revenue of \$577.87 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 1 extension option(s), each for 120 months.

On July 1, 2021, Crook County entered into a 315 month lease as Lessor for the use of Hangar D-3. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$9,127.02. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$9,127.02The lessee is required to make annual variable principal and interest payments of \$436.89 based on a CPI index of 0.00%. The lease has an interest rate of 1.6630%. The Land estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$8,780.16, and Crook County recognized lease revenue of \$346.85 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 1 extension option(s), each for 120 months.

On July 1, 2021, Crook County entered into a 380 month lease as Lessor for the use of Hangar T14 - 4221 Aviation Blvd. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$22,353.69. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$21,639.75The lessee is required to make annual variable principal and interest payments of \$904.51 based on a CPI index of 0.00%. The lease has an interest rate of 1.7050%. The Land estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$21,649.39, and Crook County recognized lease revenue of \$704.30 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 1 extension option(s), each for 120 months.

On July 1, 2021, Crook County entered into a 401 month lease as Lessor for the use of Hangar B-2 - 4193 SW Aviation Blvd. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$18,534.89. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$17,960.03The lessee is required to make annual variable principal and interest payments of \$732.87 based on a CPI index of 0.00%. The lease has an interest rate of 1.7050%. The Land estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of

June 30, 2022 was \$17,980.37, and Crook County recognized lease revenue of \$554.52 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 1 extension option(s), each for 120 months.

On July 1, 2021, Crook County entered into a 411 month lease as Lessor for the use of Hangar A3-4151 Aviation Blvd. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$18,155.18. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$17,607.85The lessee is required to make annual variable principal and interest payments of \$702.10 based on a CPI index of 0.00%. The lease has an interest rate of 1.7050%. The Land estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$17,625.32, and Crook County recognized lease revenue of \$529.86 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 1 extension option(s), each for 120 months.

On July 1, 2021, Crook County entered into a 369 month lease as Lessor for the use of Hangar - B-13. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$18,216.96. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$17,617.20The lessee is required to make annual variable principal and interest payments of \$755.06 based on a CPI index of 0.00%. The lease has an interest rate of 1.7050%. The Land estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$17,624.75, and Crook County recognized lease revenue of \$592.21 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 1 extension option(s), each for 120 months.

On July 1, 2021, Crook County entered into a 291 month lease as Lessor for the use of 5185 SW Airport Road. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$22,096.62. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$21,165.72The lessee is required to make annual variable principal and interest payments of \$1,111.76 based on a CPI index of 0.00%. The lease has an interest rate of 1.6370%. The Land estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$21,187.81, and Crook County recognized lease revenue of \$908.81 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 3 extension option(s), each for 60 months.

On July 1, 2021, Crook County entered into a 335 month lease as Lessor for the use of 5196 SW Airport Road. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$19,378.67. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$18,675.33The lessee is required to make annual variable principal and interest payments of \$866.51 based on a CPI index of 0.00%. The lease has an interest rate of 1.6840%. The Land estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$18,686.03, and Crook County recognized lease revenue of \$692.65 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 1 extension option(s), each for 120 months.

On July 1, 2021, Crook County entered into a 350 month lease as Lessor for the use of Hangar - Deanne Cooper. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$47,310.90. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$45,650.61The lessee is required to make annual variable principal and interest payments of \$2,061.01 based on a CPI index of 0.00%. The lease has an interest rate of 1.6940%. The Land estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$45,692.20, and Crook County recognized lease revenue of \$1,618.70 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 1 extension option(s), each for 120 months.

On July 1, 2021, Crook County entered into a 315 month lease as Lessor for the use of Hangar - A-2. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$15,707.68. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$15,095.35The lessee is required to make annual variable principal and interest payments of \$742.94 based on a CPI index of 0.00%. The lease has an interest rate of 1.6630%. The Land estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$15,109.42,

and Crook County recognized lease revenue of \$598.26 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 1 extension option(s), each for 120 months.

On March 2, 2022, Crook County entered into a 480 month lease as Lessor for the use of 4217 Aviation Blvd. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$73,976.14. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$38,536.14. The lessee is required to make annual fixed payments of \$1,344.00. The lease has an interest rate of 1.7510%. The Land estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$73,366.03, and Crook County recognized lease revenue of \$610.10 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 1 extension option(s), each for 120 months.

On July 1, 2021, Crook County entered into a 328 month lease as Lessor for the use of Hangar Space Avalon. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$53,129.04. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$51,132.03The lessee is required to make annual variable principal and interest payments of \$2,441.70 based on a CPI index of 0.00%. The lease has an interest rate of 1.6740%. The Land estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$51,189.04, and Crook County recognized lease revenue of \$1,940.00 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 1 extension option(s), each for 120 months.

On July 1, 2021, Crook County entered into a 224 month lease as Lessor for the use of Hangar - EAA. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$8,458.55. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$8,005.94The lessee is required to make annual variable principal and interest payments of \$536.35 based on a CPI index of 0.00%. The lease has an interest rate of 1.4850%. The Land estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$8,005.41, and Crook County recognized lease revenue of \$453.14 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 1 extension option(s), each for 120 months.

On July 1, 2021, Crook County entered into a 324 month lease as Lessor for the use of Hangar - BZ3. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$101,423.01. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$97,610.73The lessee is required to make annual variable principal and interest payments of \$4,661.19 based on a CPI index of 0.00%. The lease has an interest rate of 1.6740%. The Land estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$97,672.78, and Crook County recognized lease revenue of \$3,750.23 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 1 extension option(s), each for 120 months.

On July 1, 2021, Crook County entered into a 42 month lease as Lessor for the use of Taylor Northwest Lease. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$208,332.40. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$149,118.15. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$5,000.00. The lease has an interest rate of 0.4570%. The Land estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$148,808.86, and Crook County recognized lease revenue of \$59,523.54 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 3 extension option(s), each for 12 months.

On July 1, 2021, Crook County entered into a 250 month lease as Lessor for the use of T-Mobile Lease. An initial lease receivable was recorded in the amount of \$279,754.39. As of June 30, 2022, the value of the lease receivable is \$277,913.89. The lessee is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$366.03. The lease has an interest rate of 1.5510%. The Land estimated useful life was 0 months as of the contract commencement. The value of the deferred inflow of resources as of June 30, 2022 was \$266,326.18, and Crook County recognized lease revenue of \$13,428.21 during the fiscal year. The lessee has 3 extension option(s), each for 60 months.

Principal and Interest Expected to Maturity

_	Business-Type Activities							
Fiscal Year	Principal Payments	Interest Payments	Total Payments					
2023	395,646	89,614	485,260					
2024	400,435	84,381	484,816					
2025	375,965	78,851	454,816					
2026	351,375	73,441	424,816					
2027	356,833	67,983	424,816					
2028 - 2032	1,843,745	255,121	2,098,865					
2033 - 2037	1,773,366	120,214	1,893,580					
2038 - 2042	418,623	30,316	448,939					
2043 - 2047	135,667	17,140	152,807					
2048 - 2052	69,743	7,280	77,024					
2053 - 2057	27,374	3,029	30,403					
2058 - 2062	18,295	971	19,266					
Total	6,167,067	828,342	6,995,409					

_	Governmental Activities								
Fiscal Year	Principal Payments	Interest Payments	Total Payments						
2023	90,263	112,521	202,784						
2024	95,477	111,005	206,482						
2025	100,853	109,400	210,254						
2026	106,396	107,704	214,100						
2027	112,440	105,914	218,354						
2028 - 2032	663,259	498,803	1,162,062						
2033 - 2037	847,210	436,855	1,284,065						
2038 - 2042	1,038,127	358,889	1,397,015						
2043 - 2047	1,161,884	267,776	1,429,660						
2048 - 2052	1,648,978	154,507	1,803,485						
2053 - 2057	775,875	19,966	795,841						
Total	6,640,763	2,283,341	8,924,103						

Activity for the Deferred Inflows of Resources related to the Lease receivables are as follows:

BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:	Balance as of						Ba	lance as of	
	Ju	July 1, 2021		Additions		Reductions		June 30, 2022	
Deferred Inflow of Resources									
Land	\$	872,683	\$	199,119	\$	87,983	\$	983,819	
Buildings		-		372,896		9,322		363,573	
Land Improvements		6,123,258		-		363,698		5,759,560	
Total	\$	6,995,941		572,015		461,003	\$	7,106,952	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:	Balance as of						Ba	lance as of	
	July 1, 2021		Additions		Reductions		June 30, 202		
Deferred Inflow of Resources						•			
Land	\$	6,755,765	\$	-	\$	208,334	\$	6,547,431	

CROOK COUNTY, OREGON

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CROOK COUNTY, OREGON SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

IMPLICIT RATE SUBSIDY - GASB 75:		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018
Total Other Post Employment Benefits Liability Beginning	\$	512,198	\$	440,505	\$	395,229	\$	513,393	\$	486,839
Changes for the year:										
Service Cost		78,662		49,646		44,923		56,008		58,680
Interest		12,802		16,677		16,501		19,989		15,295
Changes in Benefit Terms		-		-		-		-		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		(54,081)		-		-		-
Changes in assumptions or other input		2,346		87,045		11,660		(171,883)		(30,249)
Employer Contributions		-		-		-		-		-
Benefit Payments		(23,259)		(27,594)	_	(27,808)		(22,278)		(17,172)
Net changes for the year		70,551		71,693		45,276		-118,164		26,554
Total Other Post Employment Benefits Liability Ending	\$	582,749	\$	512,198	\$	440,505	\$	395,229	\$	513,393
Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning		_		_		_		_		_
Contributions - Employer		23,259		27,594		27,808		22,278		17,172
Contributions - Employee		-		-		-		-		-
Net Investment Income		-		-		-		-		-
Benefit Payments		(23,259)		(27,594)		(27,808)		(22,278)		(17,172)
Administrative Expense										
Net changes for the year						_				-
Fiduciary Net Position - Ending	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Net Liability for Other Post Employment Benefits - End of Year	\$	582,749	\$	512,198	\$	440,505	\$	395,229	\$	513,393
Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the total										
Single Employer Pension Liability		0%		0%		0%		0%		0%
Covered Payroll	\$	3,007,276	\$	2,643,262	\$	2,457,378	\$	2,224,742	\$	2,138,020
Net Single Employer Pension Plan as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Ψ	19%	Ψ	19%	Ψ	18%	Ψ	18%	Ψ	24%

CROOK COUNTY, OREGON REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

	(a)		(b)			(b/c)	Plan fiduciary
	Employer's	En	nployer's		(c)	NPL as a	net position as
Year	proportion of	propor	tionate share	E	mployer's	percentage	a percentage of
Ended	the net pension	of the	net pension		covered	of covered	the total pension
June 30,	liability (NPL)	liabi	ility (NPL)		payroll	payroll	liability
2022	0.02 %	\$	2,941,675	\$	2,643,262	111.3 %	87.6 %
2021	0.02		4,135,967		2,457,378	168.3	75.8
2020	0.02		3,985,953		2,224,742	179.2	80.2
2019	0.01		2,699,162		2,138,020	126.2	82.1
2018	0.01		1,807,374		1,587,104	113.9	83.1
2017	0.01		2,127,997		1,452,267	146.5	80.5
2016	0.01		806,097		1,333,592	60.4	91.9
2015	0.01		(319,932)		1,331,977	(24.0)	103.6
2014	0.01		720,277		1,478,962	48.7	92.0

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarial determined at 12/31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

	re	Statutorily required contribution		Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution		ibution iency cess)	(nployer's covered payroll	Contributions as a percent of covered payroll
2022	\$	625,189	\$	625,189	\$	_	\$	3,007,276	20.8 %
2021		514,192		514,192		-		2,643,262	19.5
2020		449,116		449,116		-		2,457,378	18.3
2019		239,184		247,855		-		2,224,742	11.1
2018		247,855		247,855		-		2,138,020	11.6
2017		146,255		146,255		-		1,587,104	9.2
2016		122,391		122,391		_		1,452,267	8.4
2015		123,870		123,870		-		1,333,592	9.3
2014		125,442		125,442		-		1,331,977	9.4

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarial determined at 12/31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	 Budgeted	Amo	unts			
	 Original		Final	<u>.</u>	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget
REVENUES						
Local						
Taxes - property	\$ 2,046,000	\$	2,046,000		\$ 2,230,543	\$ 184,543
Taxes - other	2,549,450		2,549,450		2,357,057	(192,393)
Interest	30,000		30,000		(487,441)	(517,441)
Licenses, permits and fees	422,000		422,000		569,791	147,791
Charges for services	32,500		32,500		67,589	35,089
Interfund charges	3,462,500		3,504,400		3,342,440	(161,960)
Intergovernmental						
Local	205,700		205,700		242,444	36,744
State	484,100		484,100		600,264	116,164
Federal	4,003,000		4,003,000		2,159,044	(1,843,956)
Total Revenues	13,235,250		13,277,150		11,081,731	(2,195,419)
EXPENDITURES				•		
Assessor	1,149,000		1,149,000	(1)	1,122,558	26,442
Clerk	511,800		511,800	(1)	466,482	45,318
Finance	1,150,800		1,156,800	(1)	1,047,508	109,292
Legal	489,200		499,000	(1)	466,193	32,807
Administration	602,200		742,200	(1)	730,310	11,890
Natural Resources	53,100		56,211	(1)	56,165	46
Human Resources	579,400		579,400	(1)	433,220	146,180
District Attorney	1,483,900		1,483,900	(1)	1,334,546	149,354
Victims	263,400		263,400	(1)	261,781	1,619
Juvenile	1,020,500		1,020,500	(1)	949,754	70,746
GIS	187,700		198,378	(1)	184,578	13,800
Information Technology	1,063,500		888,500	(1)	835,106	53,394
Non-departmental	1,112,600		1,112,600	(1)	1,042,718	69,882
Total Expenditures	 9,667,100		9,661,689	· / •	8,930,919	730,770
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues	 		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	•		
over expenditures	3,568,150		3,615,461		2,150,812	(1,464,649)
Contingency	4,039,400		3,640,282		-	3,640,282
Other financing sources (uses)	, ,		, ,			, ,
Transfers in	175,000		-		-	-
Transfers out	(2,640,750)		(2,912,179)	(1)	(1,749,628)	1,162,551
Sale of Property	500		500	()	503	3
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (2,465,250)		(2,911,679)	•	(1,749,125)	1,162,554
Net change in fund balance	(2,936,500)		(2,936,500)		401,687	3,338,187
Fund balance - beginning	 2,936,500		2,936,500	-	4,157,694	1,221,194
Fund balance - ending	\$ -	\$	-	:	\$ 4,559,381	\$ 4,559,381

ROAD FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

REVENUES		Original	_	Final		Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget
Local							
Interest	\$	250,000	\$	250,000		\$ 66,019	\$ (183,981)
Licenses, permits and fines	Ψ	17,000	Ψ	17,000		30,879	13,879
Charges for services		6,000		6,000		213,003	207,003
Intergovernmental		,		,		,	,
State		3,394,000		3,394,000		3,061,358	(332,642)
Federal		2,513,000		2,513,000		901,368	(1,611,632)
Total Revenues		6,180,000		6,180,000		4,272,627	(1,907,373)
EXPENDITURES							
Personnel services		1,806,900		1,806,900	(1)	1,829,590	(22,690)
Materials and services		3,651,000		3,651,000	(1)	2,519,201	1,131,799
Capital outlay		2,789,000		2,789,000	(1)	257,410	2,531,590
Operating contingency		158,300		158,300	(1)		158,300
Total Expenditures		8,405,200		8,405,200		4,606,201	3,798,999
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues							
over expenditures		(2,225,200)		(2,225,200)		(333,574)	1,891,626
Other financing sources (uses)							
Sale of Property		40,000		40,000		17,308	(22,692)
Total other financing sources (uses)		40,000		40,000		17,308	(22,692)
Net change in fund balance		(2,185,200)		(2,185,200)		(316,266)	1,868,934
Fund Balance - Beginning		15,788,000		15,788,000		16,379,172	591,172
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	13,602,800	\$	13,602,800		\$ 16,062,906	\$ 2,460,106
		ustment from bu ventory	ıdget	ary statement		1,457,053 17,519,959	

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted	Amounts			
	Original	Final		Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget
REVENUES					
Local					
Interest	\$ 15,000	\$ 15,000		\$ 38,041	\$ 23,041
Licenses, permits and fees	5,278,200	5,278,200		7,982,240	2,704,040
Charges for Services	2,500	2,500		10,376	7,876
Total Revenues	5,295,700	5,295,700		8,030,657	2,734,957
EXPENDITURES					
Electrical	569,500	589,500	(1)	463,494	126,006
Building	2,190,250	2,240,250	(1)	2,013,896	226,354
Administration	583,800	783,800	(1)	708,880	74,920
On Site	200,200	250,200	(1)	232,749	17,451
Contingency	5,151,950	4,831,950	(1)		4,831,950
Total Expenditures	8,695,700	8,695,700		3,419,019	5,276,681
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	(3,400,000)	(3,400,000)		4,611,638	8,011,638
Other financing sources (uses)					
Sale of Property				15,437	15,437
Total other financing sources (uses)				15,437	15,437
Net change in fund balance	(3,400,000)	(3,400,000)		4,627,075	8,027,075
Fund balance - beginning	3,400,000	3,400,000		6,480,058	3,080,058
Fund balance - ending	\$ -	\$ -		\$ 11,107,133	\$ 11,107,133

SHERIFF'S OFFICE

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

REVENUES		Original		Final		Actual Amounts	W	ariance ith Final Budget
Local								
Taxes - Property	\$	6,314,900	\$	6,314,900		\$ 6,496,284	\$	181,384
Interest	Φ	25,000	Φ	25,000		16,918	Ф	(8,082)
Licenses, permits and fines		155,250		155,250		163,965		8,715
Charges for services		19,000		19,000		458,009		439,009
Donations and contributions		2,700		2,700		20,000		17,300
Intergovernmental		2,700		2,700		20,000		17,500
Local		2,000		2,000		2,168		168
State		1,699,400		1,699,400		1,826,548		127,148
Federal		536,300		577,412		578,504		1,092
1 000101		220,300		377,112		370,301		1,072
Total Revenues		8,754,550		8,795,662		9,562,396		766,734
EXPENDITURES								
Sheriff's Office		4,748,350		4,790,740	(1)	4,044,803		745,937
Jail		4,255,700		4,361,910	(1)	3,874,739		487,171
Parole & Probation		1,886,500		1,918,503	(1)	1,520,753		397,750
Special Services		423,700		534,357	(1)	383,169		151,188
Operating contingency		366,900		483,852	(1)			483,852
Total Expenditures		11,681,150		12,089,362		9,823,464		2,265,898
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		(2,926,600)		(3,293,700)		(261,068)		3,032,632
Other financing sources (uses)		(20,000		005000		402.052		(501.040)
Transfers In		628,800		995,900		403,952		(591,948)
Transfers Out		(183,200)		(183,200)		(182,750)		(450)
Total other financing sources (uses)		445,600		812,700		221,202		(592,398)
Net change in fund balance		(2,481,000)		(2,481,000)		(39,866)		2,440,234
Fund Balance - Beginning		2,481,000		2,481,000		3,269,187		788,187
Fund Balance - Ending	\$		\$	-		\$ 3,229,321	\$	3,228,421

HEALTH SERVICES SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted	l Amounts			
	Original	Final		Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget
REVENUES					
Local					
Interest	\$ 12,000	\$ 12,000		\$ 10,764	\$ (1,236)
Licenses, permits and fees	77,500	77,500		81,776	4,276
Charges for services	481,700	481,700		430,134	(51,566)
Miscellaneous	-	218,406		111,298	(107,108)
Donations/contributions	200	200		130	(70)
Intergovernmental					
Local	223,900	241,900		179,691	(62,209)
State	598,300	772,048		386,636	(385,412)
Federal	377,100	632,449		837,899	205,450
Total Revenues	1,770,700	2,436,203		2,038,328	(397,875)
EXPENDITURES					
Health	1,182,400	1,152,685	(1)	837,815	314,870
Environmental Health	103,850	113,850	(1)	105,011	8,839
Grant Programs	3,513,150	4,178,653	(1)	1,761,870	2,416,783
Contingency		19,715	(1)		19,715
Total Expenditures	4,799,400	5,464,903		2,704,696	2,760,207
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	(3,028,700)	(3,028,700)		(666,368)	2,362,332
Other financing sources (uses)					
Lease Proceeds	-	-		3,781	3,781
Transfers in	887,650	887,650		826,965	(60,685)
Transfers out		-		(38,000)	(38,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	887,650	887,650		792,746	(94,904)
Net change in fund balance	(2,141,050)	(2,141,050)		126,378	2,267,428
Fund balance - beginning	2,141,050	2,141,050		2,672,787	531,737
Fund balance - ending	\$ -	\$ -		\$ 2,799,165	\$ 2,799,165

CAPITAL ASSET RESERVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

_		Budgete	d Aı	nounts				-	
REVENUES	(Original		Final			Actual Amounts	W	ariance ith Final Budget
Local Interest Intergovernmental	\$	110,000	\$	110,000		\$	121,158	\$	11,158
Local		23,500		23,500	į		23,447		(53)
Total Revenues		133,500		133,500			144,605		11,105
EXPENDITURES									
Materials & Services									
Other financing sources (uses)		(210,000)		(210,000)	(1)		(210,000)		
Transfers out Sale of Property		(210,000) 100,000		(210,000) 100,000	(1)		(210,000) 1,619,957		1,519,957
Total other financing sources (uses)		(110,000)		(110,000)	,		1,409,957		
Net change in fund balance		23,500		23,500			1,554,562		11,105
Fund balance - beginning		8,850,000		9,220,178			9,275,679		55,501
Fund balance - ending	\$	8,873,500	\$	9,243,678		\$ 1	0,830,241	\$	66,606

CROOK COUNTY JUSTICE CENTER PROJECT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts	-		V	ariance
	O	riginal		Final		Actual Amounts	Wi	ith Final Budget
REVENUES								
Local								
Interest Misc	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	50,000 5,000	<u> </u>	\$ 58,713 5,000	\$	8,713
Total Revenues				55,000	<u> </u>	63,713		8,713
EXPENDITURES								
Personnel services		-		135,000	(1)	7,654		127,346
Materials and services		210,000		3,050,000	(1)	2,507,284		542,716
Capital Outlay		-	3	37,088,291	(1)	1,537,994		5,550,297
Contingency				2,327,000	(1)		2	2,327,000
Total Expenditures		210,000	4	2,600,291	- ,	4,052,932	38	3,547,359
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	((210,000)	(4	2,545,291)		(3,989,219)	(38	3,538,646)
Other financing sources (uses)								
Bond Proceeds, net		-	4	2,545,291		42,545,291		-
Transfers in		210,000		-				
Total other financing sources (uses)		210,000	4	2,545,291		42,545,291		-
Net change in fund balance		-		-		38,556,072	38	3,556,072
Fund balance - beginning				-		439,138		439,138
Fund balance - ending	\$	-	\$	-	: :	\$ 38,995,210	\$ 38	3,995,210

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS ${\rm AT\ JUNE\ 30,2022}$

			Special R	evenue Funds		
	Clerk's Dedicated	COCC Ed Center	Court Security	Taylor Grazing	Video Lottery	Mental Health A&D and Developmental Disabilities
ASSETS						
Cash and investments Accounts receivable Taxes receivable	\$ 236,905 199 -	\$ 130,050	\$ 8,791 - -	\$ 37,984 - -	\$ 315,800 60,295	\$ 10,227 7,314
Total Assets	237,104	130,050	8,791	37,984	376,095	17,541
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES						
Liabilities Accounts payable and other						
current liabilities Due to other funds	- -	-	-	-	-	3,604
Deferred Revenue Total Liabilities						3,604
Deferred Inflows of Resources						,
Unavailable property tax revenue						-
Fund Balances Restricted for expenditures under federal, state and local programs Restricted for debt service	- -	- -	8,791 -	37,984 -	376,095	13,937
Assigned for: Capital projects Other	237,104	130,050	-	-	- -	-
Unassigned						-
Total Fund Balances	237,104	130,050	8,791	37,984	376,095	13,937
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 237,104	\$ 130,050	\$ 8,791	\$ 37,984	\$ 376,095	\$ 17,541

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS ${\rm AT\ JUNE\ 30,2022}$

	Special							
ecial oortation	Projects on Federal Lands	Veterans Enhancement Program	Library	County Surveyor	County School Fund	Tourism Discretionary Funds	Fairgrounds Operation	AG Extension Service District
\$ 712,355	\$ 545,394 - -	\$ 97,638 22,892	\$ 775,452 50 714	\$ 219,799 369	\$ 299,059 - -	\$ 75,269 - -	\$ 349,752 74,755	\$ 310,484 10,825
712,355	545,394	\$ 120,530	776,216	220,168	299,059	75,269	424,507	321,309
41,613	20,000	6,279	36,033	32,712	298,710	5,000	49,646 -	25,119
-							178,738	
41,613	20,000	6,279	36,033	32,712	298,710	5,000	228,384	25,119
_			712					10,366
-	525,394	- -	739,471	- -	349	70,269 -	<u>-</u> -	-
- 670,742 -	- - -	114,251	- - -	187,456	- - -	- - -	196,123	285,824
670,742	525,394	114,251	739,471	187,456	349	70,269	196,123	285,824
\$ 712,355	\$ 545,394	\$ 120,530	\$ 776,216	\$ 220,168	\$ 299,059	\$ 75,269	\$ 424,507	\$ 321,309

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS ${\rm AT\ JUNE\ 30,2022}$

		ervice	Debt S		unds	oject F	Capital Pro				enue Funds	Special Reve		
Total 4,551,062 206,767 24,599	l Faith Credit Bond es 2017	& (Be	eneral oligation Bond	Ob	elknap useum roject	M	Crook County Lirport Project	C A	istorical uilding deserve	В	Historical Museum	Extension Capital Reserve	atension uilding intenance	B
206,76	\$ - - -	\$	33,874 - 18,523	\$	30,068	\$	68,461 - -	\$	59,965 - -	\$	\$ 178,773 - 5,362	\$ 61,499 - -	23,531	\$
4,782,42	 		52,397		30,068		68,461		59,965		184,135	61,499	23,531	
641,30 21,29 178,73	- - -		- - -		8,774 21,294		103,902		- - -		9,914 - -	- - -	- - -	
841,33	-		-		30,068		103,902		-		9,914	-	-	
33,62	 		17,658		-		-				4,891		<u>-</u>	
1,772,29 34,73	- -		34,739		- -		- -		- -		- -	-	- -	
367,15 1,768,72 (35,44	- - -		- - -		- - -		- (35,441)		59,965 -		169,330	61,499	23,531	
3,907,46			34,739				(35,441)		59,965		169,330	61,499	23,531	
4,782,42	\$ 	\$	52,397	\$	30,068	\$	68,461	\$	59,965	\$	\$ 184,135	\$ 61,499	23,531	\$

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Special Revenue Funds											
	Clerk's Dedicated			COCC d Center				Taylor Grazing		Video Lottery	A	ntal Health &D and elopmental isabilities
REVENUES												
Taxes - Property	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Taxes - Other		-		-		-		-		-		-
Interest		932		513		1,040		173		1,126		458
Licenses, permits, and fees		35,650		-				-		-		-
Charges for services		-		-		10,109		-		-		-
Donations/Contributions		-		-		-		-		-		-
Intergovernmental												
Local		-		-		-		-		-		
State		-		-		-		-		229,377		3,984,708
Federal					-							
Total Revenues		36,582		513		11,149		173		230,503		3,985,166
EXPENDITURES Current												
		20.460						(205				
General government		28,469		-		-		6,385		-		-
Public safety		-		-		-		-		-		2 000 000
Health and welfare Culture and education		-		-		-		-		50.500		3,980,998
Debt service		-		-						50,500		-
Principal Interest		-		-		-		-				-
		-		-		-		-				-
Capital outlay												
Total Expenditures		28,469		-		-		6,385		50,500		3,980,998
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		8,113		513		11,149		(6,212)		180,003		4,168
Other financing sources (uses)												
Transfers in		-		-		-		-		-		-
Transfers out		-		-		(3,952)		-		(60,000)		-
Bond Proceeds, net				-		<u> </u>		-				
Total other financing sources (uses)				-		(3,952)				(60,000)		
Net change in fund balances		8,113		513		7,197		(6,212)		120,003		4,168
Fund Balances - beginning		228,991		129,537		1,594		44,196		256,092		9,769
Fund Balances - ending	\$	237,104	\$	130,050	\$	8,791	\$	37,984	\$	376,095	\$	13,937

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Special Revenue Funds																											
Special Transportation		Pi on	Special Projects on Federal Lands		Projects on Federal		Projects on Federal		on Federal		Projects on Federal		Projects on Federal		Projects on Federal Lands		veterans' hancement Program		Library		County Surveyor		County School Fund	Dis	Courism cretionary Funds	irgrounds Operation	Extension Service District
\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	1,299,446	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 312,759												
	-		-		-		-		-		121,012		26,114	229,804	-												
	2,376		1,928		235		3,537		831		238		230	1,633	1,346												
	-		-		-		5,434 128		110,540		-		-	4,067 166,883	40,987												
	-		-		270		8,461		-		-		-	85,150	-												
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-	89,500	-												
	389,922		-		91,567		14,623		-		-		-	53,167	-												
			98,399		3,985		27,550				298,710		-	11,052	-												
	392,298		100,327		96,057		1,359,179		111,371		419,960		26,344	641,256	355,092												
	156,797		-		214,387		-		108,057		-		-	-	-												
	-		77,250		-		-		-		-		-	-	-												
	-		-		-		1,337,521		-		419,722		5,000	1,057,430	276,308												
	-		-		-		-		-		-		-	-	-												
	<u>-</u>				<u> </u>		- -		- -		<u> </u>		-	-	<u>-</u>												
	156,797		77,250		214,387		1,337,521		108,057		419,722		5,000	1,057,430	276,308												
	235,501		23,077		(118,330)		21,658		3,314		238		21,344	(416,174)	78,784												
	-		-		156,715		-		-		-		-	298,948	- (20.000)												
	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		- -		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		- -	- -	(30,000)												
					156,715					_			-	298,948	(30,000)												
	235,501		23,077		38,385		21,658		3,314		238		21,344	(117,226)	48,784												
	435,241		502,317		75,866		717,813		184,142		111		48,925	313,349	237,040												
\$	670,742	\$	525,394	\$	114,251	\$	739,471	\$	187,456	\$	349	\$	70,269	\$ 196,123	\$ 285,824												

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	_		Debt Service	Funds	Capital Project			Funds	enue	Special Rev			
Total		Full Faith & Credit Bond Series 2017	General Obligation Bond Series 2017	Belknap Museum Project	Crook County Airport Project	istorical Building Reserve	В	Historical Museum		atension apital eserve	C	tension uilding ntenance	В
2,484,661	\$	-	\$ 571,518	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$	300,938	\$	-	\$	-	\$
497,055		-	-	-		-		120,125					
18,630		-	853	-	4	253		672		205		47	
155,691 218,107		-	-	-	-	-		-		-		-	
123,949		-	- -	30,068	-	-		-		-		-	
89,500				-									
4,788,364		-	-	-	-	-		25,000		-		-	
745,406					305,710			-					
9,121,363			572,371	30,068	305,714	253		446,735		205		47	
593,255		-	_	<u>-</u>	79,160	-		_		-		-	
77,250		-	-	-	-	-		-		-		-	
3,980,998		-	-	-	-	-		-		-		-	
3,596,612		-	-	30,068	-	-		402,364		-		17,699	
135,000		45,000	90,000	-	-	-		-		-		-	
605,450		137,750	467,700	-	-	-		-		-		-	
226,093					196,002	23,446		6,645		-		-	
9,214,658		182,750	557,700	30,068	275,162	23,446		409,009				17,699	
(93,295)		(182,750)	14,671		30,552	(23,193)		37,726		205		(17,652)	
743,413		182,750	-	-	75,000	-		_		10,000		20,000	
(93,952)		-	-	-	-	-		-		-		-	
- (40.461		102.750	- -							-		- 20.000	
649,461		182,750	- -		75,000					10,000		20,000	
556,166		-	14,671	-	105,552	(23,193)		37,726		10,205		2,348	
3,351,297			20,068		(140,993)	83,158		131,604		51,294		21,183	
3,907,463	\$	<u>-</u>	\$ 34,739	\$ -	\$ (35,441)	59,965	\$	169,330	\$	61,499	\$	23,531	\$

CLERK RESERVES SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance
	<u>Original</u>	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget
REVENUES				
Local Interest Licenses, permits and fines	\$ 3,200 33,100	\$ 3,200 33,100	\$ 932 35,650	\$ (2,268) 2,550
Total Revenues	36,300	36,300	36,582	282
EXPENDITURES				
Materials and services Capital Outlay	108,700 154,600	113,800 149,500	(1) 28,469 (1)	85,331 149,500
Total Expenditures	263,300	263,300	28,469	234,831
Net change in fund balance	(227,000)	(227,000)	8,113	(234,549)
Fund balance - beginning	227,000	227,000	228,991	1,991
Fund balance - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 237,104	\$ 237,104

COCC EDUCATION CENTER SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	With Final Budget		
REVENUES						
Local Interest	\$ 800	\$ 800	\$ 513	\$ (287)		
Total Revenues	800	800	513	(287)		
EXPENDITURES						
Materials and services	130,900	130,900	(1)	130,900		
Total Expenditures	130,900	130,900		130,900		
Net change in fund balance	(130,100)	(130,100)	513	130,900		
Fund balance - beginning	130,100	130,100	129,537	(563)		
Fund balance - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 130,050	\$ 130,050		

COURT SECURITY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts							X 7.	•
	0	riginal	Final		Actual Amounts			Wi	riance th Final Sudget
REVENUES									
Local Interest Charges for services	\$	7,100	\$	12,100		\$	1,040 10,109	\$	1,040 (1,991)
Total Revenues		7,100		12,100			11,149		(951)
EXPENDITURES									
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers out		(7,100)		(12,100)	(1)		(3,952)		8,148
Total other financing sources (uses)		(7,100)		(12,100)	•		(3,952)		8,148
Net change in fund balance		-		-			7,197		7,197
Fund balance - beginning		=					1,594		1,594
Fund balance - ending	\$		\$			\$	8,791	\$	8,791

TAYLOR GRAZING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Budgeted Amounts						Variance	
	0	Original		Final		Actua Amour		ıal With Fi	
REVENUES									
Local Interest Intergovernmental Federal	\$	400	\$	400		\$	173	\$	(227) (4,000)
Total Revenues		4,400		4,400			173		(4,227)
EXPENDITURES									
Materials and services		49,400		49,400	(1)		6,385		43,015
Total Expenditures		49,400		49,400			6,385		43,015
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(45,000)		(45,000)			(6,212)		38,788
Net change in fund balance		(45,000)		(45,000)			(6,212)		38,788
Fund balance - beginning		45,000		45,000			44,196		(804)
Fund balance - ending	\$		\$	-		\$	37,984	\$	37,984

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

VIDEO LOTTERY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted	Amounts		X 7. •	
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget	
REVENUES					
Local Interest Intergovernmental	\$ 1,100	\$ 1,100	\$ 1,126	\$ 26	
State	180,000	180,000	229,377	49,377	
Total Revenues	181,100	181,100	230,503	49,403	
EXPENDITURES					
Materials and services	245,800	245,800	(1) 50,500	195,300	
Total Expenditures	245,800	245,800	50,500	195,300	
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(64,700)	(64,700)	180,003	244,703	
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers out	(60,000)	(60,000)	(1) (60,000)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(60,000)	(60,000)	(60,000)		
Net change in fund balance	(124,700)	(124,700)	120,003	244,703	
Fund balance - beginning	124,700	124,700	256,092	131,392	
Fund balance - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 376,095	\$ 376,095	

MENTAL HEALTH A&D AND DEVELOPMENTAL DISABILITIES SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget
REVENUES				
Local Interest Intergovernmental State	\$ 1,400 3,290,000	\$ 1,400 4,090,000	\$ 458 3,984,708	\$ (942) (105,292)
Total Revenues	3,291,400	4,091,400	3,985,166	(106,234)
EXPENDITURES				
Materials and services	3,299,400	4,099,400	(1) 3,980,998	118,402
Total Expenditures	3,299,400	4,099,400	3,980,998	118,402
Net change in fund balance	(8,000)	(8,000)	4,168	12,168
Fund balance - beginning	8,000	8,000	9,769	1,769
Fund balance - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,937	\$ 13,937

SPECIAL TRANSPORTATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts							X 7	
	Original		Final		Actual Amounts			W	ariance ith Final Budget
REVENUES									
Local Interest Intergovernmental State	\$	3,600 342,700	\$	3,600 342,700		\$	2,376 389,922	\$	(1,224) 47,222
Total Revenues		346,300		346,300			392,298		45,998
EXPENDITURES									
Materials and services		722,300		722,300	(1)		156,797		565,503
Total Expenditures		722,300		722,300			156,797		565,503
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(376,000)		(376,000)			235,501		611,501
Net change in fund balance		(376,000)		(376,000)			235,501		611,501
Fund balance - beginning		376,000		376,000			435,241		59,241
Fund balance - ending	\$		\$			\$	670,742	\$	670,742

SPECIAL PROJECTS ON FEDERAL LANDS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts						•	ariance
	Original Fina			Final	Actual Amounts			ith Final Budget
REVENUES								
Local Interest Intergovernmental Federal	\$	3,600 90,000	\$	3,600 90,000	\$	1,928 98,399	\$	(1,672) 8,399
Total Revenues		93,600		93,600		100,327		6,727
EXPENDITURES								
Materials and services		692,600		692,600 (1)	77,250		615,350
Total Expenditures		692,600		692,600		77,250		615,350
Net change in fund balance		(599,000)		(599,000)		23,077		622,077
Fund balance - beginning		599,000		599,000		502,317		(96,683)
Fund balance - ending	\$		\$		\$	525,394	\$	525,394

VETERANS ENHANCEMENT PROGRAM SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted	Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget
REVENUES				
Local Interest Donations and contributions Intergovernmental	\$ - 500	\$ - 500	\$ 235 270	\$ 235 (230)
State Federal	70,000	91,567	91,567 3,985	3,985
Total Revenues	70,500	92,067	96,057	3,990
EXPENDITURES				
Personnel services Materials and services Contingency	210,500 72,500	92,200	(1) 126,736 (1) 87,651 (1) -	83,764 4,549 25,932
Total Expenditures	283,000	328,632	214,387	114,245
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(212,500)	(236,565)	(118,330)	118,235
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in	160,700	160,700	156,715	(3,985)
Total other financing sources (uses)	160,700	160,700	156,715	(3,985)
Net change in fund balance	(51,800)	(75,865)	38,385	114,250
Fund balance - beginning	51,800	75,865	75,866	1
Fund balance - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 114,251	\$ 114,251

LIBRARY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted	Amounts			
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget	
REVENUES					
Local					
Property taxes	\$ 1,263,000	\$ 1,263,000	\$ 1,299,446	\$ 36,446	
Interest	7,000	7,000	3,537	(3,463)	
Licenses, permits, and fees	31,500	31,500	5,434	(26,066)	
Charges for services	100	100	128	28	
Donations/Contributions	58,000	58,000	8,461	(49,539)	
Intergovernmental					
State	8,400	8,400	14,623	6,223	
Federal			27,550	27,550	
Total Revenues	1,368,000	1,368,000	1,359,179	(8,821)	
EXPENDITURES					
Library Operations	1,353,300	1,380,689 (1) 1,259,222	121,467	
Grants and Donations	141,400	141,400 (1	53,580	87,820	
Law Library	72,000	72,161 (1	24,719		
Contingency	355,300	355,300 (1	.)	355,300	
Total Expenditures	1,922,000	1,949,550	1,337,521	564,587	
Excess of revenue over (under) expenditures	(554,000)	(581,550)	21,658	555,766	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in		27,550		(27,550)	
Fund balance - beginning	554,000	554,000	717,813	163,813	
Fund balance - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 739,471	\$ 692,029	

COUNTY SURVEYOR SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Budgeted	Amo			•		
	Original Final		Actual Amounts		Variance With Final Budget			
REVENUES								
Local								
Interest	\$	1,300	\$	1,300	\$	831	\$	(469)
Licenses, permits, fees		80,000		80,000		110,540		30,540
Total Revenues		81,300		81,300		111,371		30,071
EXPENDITURES								
Materials and services		48,100		113,100 (1))	108,057		5,043
Contingency		222,200		157,200 (1)		-		157,200
Total Expenditures		270,300		270,300		108,057		162,243
Excess of revenue over (under) expenditures		(189,000)		(189,000)		3,314		(132,172)
Net change in fund balance		(189,000)		(189,000)		3,314		192,314
Fund balance - beginning		189,000		189,000		184,142		(4,858)
Fund balance - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	187,456	\$	187,456

COUNTY SCHOOL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts							T 7	
	<u>Original</u>		Final		Actual Amounts			Variance With Final Budget	
REVENUES									
Local Taxes - other Interest	\$	110,000	\$	125,000		\$	121,012 238	\$	(3,988) 238
Intergovernmental Federal		300,000		300,000			298,710		(1,290)
Total Revenues		410,000		425,000			419,960		(5,040)
EXPENDITURES									
Materials and services Special Payment		410,000			(1) (1)		- 419,722		5,278
Total Expenditures		410,000		425,000			419,722		5,278
Net change in fund balance		-		-			238		238
Fund balance - beginning		-		-			111		
Fund balance - ending	\$		\$	-	: :	\$	349	\$	238

${\bf TOURISM\ DISCRETIONARY\ FUNDS} \\ {\bf SCHEDULE\ OF\ REVENUES,\ EXPENDITURES\ AND\ CHANGES\ IN\ FUND\ BALANCE-BUDGET\ AND\ ACTUAL }$

	Budgetee	d Amounts		Variance		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	With Final Budget		
REVENUES						
Local Interest Transient room Tax	\$ 300 15,900	\$ 300 15,900	\$ 230 26,114	\$ (70) 10,214		
Total Revenues	16,200	16,200	26,344.00	10,144		
EXPENDITURES						
Materials and services	57,200	57,200	(1)5,000	52,200		
Total Expenditures	57,200	57,200	5,000	52,200		
Net change in fund balance	(41,000)	(41,000)	21,344	72,488		
Fund balance - beginning	41,000	41,000	48,925	7,925		
Fund balance - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 70,269	\$ 70,269		

$\label{eq:fairgrounds} FAIRGROUNDS\ OPERATION \\ SCHEDULE\ OF\ REVENUES,\ EXPENDITURES\ AND\ CHANGES\ IN\ FUND\ BALANCE\ - \\ BUDGET\ AND\ ACTUAL$

	Budgeted	l Amounts		Variance		
	Owiginal	Einel	Actual	With Final		
REVENUES	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>	Amounts	Budget		
Local						
Interest	\$ 100	\$ 100	\$ 1,633	\$ 1,533		
Transient room tax	140,100	140,100	229,804	89,704		
Licenses, permits and fines	4,000	4,000	4,067	67		
Property Taxes	=	23,000	=	(23,000)		
Charges for services	215,500	215,500	166,883	(48,617)		
Grants and donations	-	93,025	85,150	(7,875)		
Intergovernmental						
Local	88,000	88,000	89,500	1,500		
State	53,000	53,000	53,167	167		
Federal	2,500	2,500	11,052	8,552		
Total Revenues	503,200	619,225	641,256	22,031		
EXPENDITURES						
Personnel Services	304,400	359,400	(1) 327,549	31,851		
Materials and services	489,500	724,500	(1) 729,881	(5,381)		
Operating Contingency	29,300	29,300	(1)	29,300		
Total Expenditures	823,200	1,113,200	1,057,430	55,770		
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures	(320,000)	(493,975)	(416,174)	77,801		
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in	310,000	310,000	298,948	(11,052)		
Net change in fund balance	(10,000)	(183,975)	(117,226)	66,749		
Fund balance - beginning	10,000	183,975	313,349	129,374		
Fund balance - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 196,123	\$ 196,123		

AGRICULTURE EXTENSION SERVICE DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts							Variance	
	Ori	ginal	Final		Actual Amounts			ith Final Budget	
REVENUES								G	
Local									
Property taxes	\$ 2	93,500	\$	293,500	\$	- ,	\$	19,259	
Interest		6,775		6,775		1,346		(5,429)	
Charges for Services		20,500		20,500		40,987		20,487	
Total Revenues	3	20,775		320,775	_	355,092		34,317	
EXPENDITURES									
Personnel services	1	92,800		192,800	(1)	147,415		45,385	
Materials and services	1	64,650		164,650	(1)	128,893		35,757	
Operating contingency		30,000		30,000	(1)			30,000	
Total Expenditures	3	87,450		387,450		276,308		111,142	
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	((66,675)		(66,675)		78,784		145,459	
Other financing sources (uses)									
Transfers out	((30,000)		(30,000)	(1)	(30,000)		-	
Sale of Property		8,000		8,000	_			(8,000)	
Total other financing sources	((22,000)		(22,000)		(30,000)		(8,000)	
Net change in fund balance	((88,675)		(96,675)		48,784		145,459	
Fund balance - beginning	2	234,500		234,500		237,040		2,540	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 1	45,825	\$	137,825	\$	285,824	\$	147,999	

EXTENSION BUILDING MAINTENANCE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance	
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	With Final Budget	
REVENUES					
Local Interest	\$ 300	\$ 300	\$ 47	\$ (253)	
Total Revenues	300	300	47	(253)	
EXPENDITURES					
Materials and services	40,440	40,440 (1	17,699	22,741	
Total Expenditures	40,440	40,440	17,699	22,741	
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(40,140)	(40,140)	(17,652)	22,488	
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in	20,000	20,000	20,000		
Total other financing sources	20,000	20,000	20,000		
Net change in fund balance	(20,140)	(20,140)	2,348	22,488	
Fund balance - beginning	20,140	20,140	21,183	1,043	
Fund balance - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 23,531	\$ 23,531	

EXTENSION CAPITAL RESERVE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts						Va	ıriance
	0	riginal	Final			Actual mounts	With Final Budget	
REVENUES								
Local Interest	\$	400	\$	400		\$ 205	\$	(195)
Total Revenues		400		400		 205		(195)
EXPENDITURES								
Capital Outlay		61,605		61,605	(1)	 		61,605
Total Expenditures		61,605		61,605		 		61,605
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(61,205)		(61,205)		205		61,410
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers In		10,000		10,000		10,000		<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance		(51,205)		(51,205)		10,205		61,410
Fund balance - beginning		51,205		51,205		 51,294		89
Fund balance - ending	\$	-	\$	-		\$ 61,499	\$	61,499

HISTORICAL/MUSEUM SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts	_	Actual		Variance With Final Budget	
	(Original	Final				mounts		
REVENUES					- '				
Local									
Property taxes	\$	275,600	\$	275,600		\$	297,661	\$	22,061
Interest		1,000		1,000			672		(328)
Transient room tax		73,300		73,300			120,125		46,825
Miscellaneous		-		-			3,277		3,277
Intergovernmental Federal		_		_			25,000		25,000
Total Revenues		349,900		349,900			446,735		96,835
EXPENDITURES									
Personnel Services		260,650		260,650	(1)		273,647		(12,997)
Materials and services		131,650		131,650	(1)		128,717		2,933
Capital Outlay		-		6,645			6,645		-
Operating Contingency		64,073		57,428	(1)				57,428
Total Expenditures		456,373		456,373			409,009		47,364
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(106,473)		(106,473)	<u>) </u>		37,726		144,199
Other financing sources (uses)									
Transfers in		25,000		25,000					(25,000)
Total other financing sources		25,000		25,000					(25,000)
Net change in fund balance		(81,473)		(81,473))		37,726		119,199
Fund balance - beginning		81,473		81,473	_		131,604		50,131
Fund Balance - Ending	\$		\$	-		\$	169,330	\$	169,330

HISTORICAL BUILDING RESERVE SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	With Final Budget
REVENUES				
Local Interest	\$ 400	\$ 400	\$ 253	\$ (147)
Total Revenues	400	400	253	(147)
EXPENDITURES				
Capital Outlay	23,446	23,446 (1)	23,446	
Total Expenditures	23,446	23,446	23,446	
Net change in fund balance	(23,046)	(23,046)	(23,193)	(147)
Fund balance - beginning	82,652	82,652	83,158	506
Fund balance - ending	\$ 59,606	\$ 59,606	\$ 59,965	\$ 359

CROOK COUNTY AIRPORT PROJECT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Amounts							V	ariance
)riginal	Final		Actual Amounts		With Final Budget		
REVENUES									
Local									
Interest	\$	-	\$	-		\$	4	\$	4
Intergovernmental State		150,000		150,000					(150,000)
Federal		360,000		360,000			305,710		(150,000) (54,290)
1 caciai		300,000		300,000			303,710		(34,270)
Total Revenues		510,000		510,000			305,714		(204,286)
EXPENDITURES									
Materials and services		105,000		105,000	(1)		79,160		25,840
Capital outlay		480,000		480,000	(1)		196,002		283,998
Total Expenditures		585,000		585,000	. <u>-</u>		275,162		309,838
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(75,000)		(75,000)			30,552		(514,124)
Other financing sources (uses)									
Transfers in		75,000		75,000			75,000		
Total other financing sources (uses)		75,000		75,000	. <u>-</u>		75,000		<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balance		-		-			105,552		105,552
Fund balance - beginning				46,002			(140,993)		(186,995)
Fund balance - ending	\$		\$	46,002	: :	\$	(35,441)	\$	(81,443)

BELKNAP MUSEUM CAPTIAL PROJECT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL

	Budgeted Amounts							1	⁷ ariance
	<u>Ori</u>	ginal		Final	-	Actual Amounts		With Final Budget	
REVENUES									
Local									
Contributions & Donations	\$		\$	865,000	- ,	\$	30,068	\$	(834,932)
Total Revenues				865,000			30,068		(834,932)
EXPENDITURES									
Personnel services		-		27,000	(1)		298		26,702
Materials and services		-		153,000	(1)		29,770		123,230
Capital outlay		-		715,000	(1)		-		715,000
Total Expenditures				895,000			30,068		864,932
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		-		(30,000)			-	((1,699,864)
Other financing sources (uses)									
Transfers in				30,000					(30,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)				30,000					(30,000)
Net change in fund balance		-		-			-		-
Fund balance - beginning				-					
Fund balance - ending	\$	_	\$	-	: :	\$	-	\$	-

DEBT SERVICE FUND - GENERAL OBLIGATION SERIES 2017 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted	Amounts		**
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget
REVENUES				
Local Interest Property taxes Miscellaneous	\$ 100 557,600	\$ 100 557,600	\$ 853 564,293 7,225	\$ 753 6,693 7,225
Total Revenues	557,700	557,700	572,371	14,671
EXPENDITURES				
Debt Service	557,700	557,700 (1)	557,700	
Total Expenditures	557,700	557,700	557,700	
Excess of revenue over (under) expenditures	-	-	14,671	14,671
Fund balance - beginning			20,068	20,068
Fund balance - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 34,739	\$ 34,739

DEBT SERVICE FUND FULL FAITH AND CREDIT, SERIES 2018 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted	Amounts		Variance
	Original	<u>Final</u>	Actual Amounts	With Final Budget
REVENUES				
Local Interest	\$ -	\$	\$	\$ -
Total Revenues				
EXPENDITURES Debt service Materials & Services	182,800 400	182,800 (1 400 (1	,	50 400
Total Expenditures	183,200	183,200	182,750	450
Excess of revenue over (under) expenditures	(183,200)	(183,200)	(182,750)	450
Other financing sources (uses) Transfer in	183,200	183,200	182,750	(450)
Net change in fund balance	-	-	-	-
Fund balance - beginning				
Fund balance - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

LANDFILL OPERATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted	Amounts			Variance
	Original	Final		Actual Amounts	With Final Budget
REVENUES	Original	- 111141		Amounts	Duuget
Local					
Interest	\$ 36,000	\$ 36,000		\$ 18,318	\$ (17,682)
Licenses, Permits & Fees	1,810,000	1,810,000		2,407,918	597,918
Charges for services	121,500	121,500		114,975	(6,525)
Total Revenues	1,967,500	1,967,500		2,541,211	573,711
EXPENDITURES					
Personnel Services	865,200	865,200	(1)	781,221	83,979
Materials and services	1,009,400	1,009,400	(1)	897,134	112,266
Capital Outlay	590,000	590,000	(1)	575,645	14,355
Operating Contingency	270,900	270,900	(1)		270,900
Total Expenditures	2,735,500	2,735,500		2,254,000	481,500
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(768,000)	(768,000)		287,211	1,055,211
Other financing sources (uses)					
Sale of Property	135,000	135,000		186,534	51,534
Total other financing sources	135,000	135,000		186,534	51,534
Net change in fund balance	(633,000)	(633,000)		473,745	1,106,745
Fund balance - beginning	3,800,000	3,800,000		4,179,710	379,710
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 3,167,000	\$ 3,167,000		4,653,455	\$ 1,486,455
Reconciliation to the Statemen Capital assets (net) Leased assets Lease liability Landfill post closure liabil Accrued compensated abs	iity	Proprietary Fund	S	3,439,311 1,590 (1,659) (2,924,613) (28,682)	

AIRPORT - OPERATING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted	Amounts			
	Original	Final		Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget
REVENUES					
Local Interest Charges for services	\$ 800 406,000	\$ 800 406,000		\$ 298,624 421,536	\$ 297,824 15,536
Total Revenues	406,800	406,800		720,160	313,360
EXPENDITURES					
Materials and services Debt service	218,800 388,000	218,800 388,000	(1) (1)	201,728 387,659	17,072 341
Total Expenditures	606,800	606,800		589,387	17,413
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(200,000)	(200,000)		130,773	330,773
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers In Transfers Out	90,000 (42,000)	90,000 (42,000)	(1)	90,000 (42,000)	<u>-</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	48,000	48,000		48,000	
Net change in fund balance	(152,000)	(152,000)		178,773	330,773
Fund balance - beginning	152,000	152,000		183,282	31,282.00
Fund balance - ending	\$ -	\$ -		362,055	\$ 362,055
Reconciliation to the Statement of N Net capital assets Long-term debt, net of discount Interest payable Net Position	Jet Position - Prop	rietary Funds		15,133,797 (5,749,290) (59,468) \$ 9,687,094	

$\begin{tabular}{ll} WEED CONTROL FUND\\ SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL\\ \end{tabular}$

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		Budgeted	Amo	unts			ariance
	(Original		Final		Actual mounts	 ith Final Budget
REVENUES		- 8 ··					
Local							
Interest	\$	2,200	\$	2,200		\$ 922	\$ (1,278)
Licenses, Permits & Fees		180,000		180,000		183,483	3,483
Charges for Services		-		-		38,895	38,895
Intergovernmental						0.044	0.044
State						 8,841	8,841
Total Revenues		182,200		182,200		232,141	 49,941
EXPENDITURES							
Personnel Services		127,900		131,900	(1)	135,485	(3,585)
Materials and services		118,700		118,700	(1)	74,779	43,921
Capital outlay		-		19,450	(1)	19,449	1
Contingency		148,600		125,150	(1)	 	125,150
Total Expenditures		395,200		395,200		 229,713	 165,487
Net change in fund balance		(213,000)		(213,000)		2,428	215,428
Fund balance - beginning		213,000		213,000		269,182	 56,182
Fund Balance - Ending	\$		\$	<u>-</u>		\$ 271,610	\$ 271,610

Reconciliation to the Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund	S	
Capital assets (net)		67,361
Compensated absences		(17,792)
Net Position	\$	321,179

FACILITIES SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted	Amounts		
	Original	Final	Actual Amounts	Variance With Final Budget
REVENUES				
Local Interest	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,631	12,631
Internal service charges Charges for services Lease payments	1,382,200 28,500	1,429,700 28,500	1,453,138 31,315 12,360	23,438 2,815 12,360
Misc Intergovernmental	-	-	2,389	2,389
Federal Local	44,600	44,600	137,309	137,309 (44,600)
Total Revenues	1,455,300	1,502,800	1,649,142	146,342
EXPENDITURES				
Personnel Materials and services Capital outlay Contingency	481,800 1,126,900 324,500 71,600	521,800 1,186,900 324,500 221,600	(1) 451,737 (1) 1,064,381 (1) 140,735 (1) -	70,063 122,519 183,765 221,600
Total Expenditures	2,004,800	2,254,800	1,656,853	597,947
Excess (Deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(549,500)	(752,000)	(7,711)	744,289
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers In	549,500	752,000	236,563	(515,437)
Total other financing sources (uses)	549,500	752,000	236,563	(515,437)
Net change in fund balance	-	-	228,852	228,852
Fund balance - beginning			279,998	279,998
Fund balance - ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 508,850	\$ 508,850
Reconciliation to the Statement of N Capital Assets (net) Accrued Comp Absences	Net Position - Propi	rietary Funds	41,085 (6,132)	
Leased assets Lease payable			453,542 (454,863)	
Net Position			\$ 542,482	

CROOK COUNTY, OREGON SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAX TRANSACTIONS ALL TAXING DISTRICTS WITHIN THE COUNTY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Tax Year	В	Beginning Balance and 021-22 Levy		Net Adjustments	Interest (Discount)	Collections		Taxes Receivable June 30, 2022
2021-22	\$	37,162,394	\$	(56,178)	\$ (960,219)	\$ 35,485,606	\$	660,390
2020-21		694,747		(13,541)	172	378,153		303,224
2019-20		302,394		(3,077)	20	147,010		152,326
2018-19		177,663		(3,382)	10	135,024		39,268
2017-18		54,010		(3,382)	10	42,674		7,964
2016-17		11,873		(2,558)	9	2,380		6,944
2015-16		11,375		(1,872)	-	1,851		7,651
Prior		79,178	_	<u> </u>	 - -	897	_	78,282
Total	\$	38,493,635	<u>\$</u>	(83,992)	\$ (959,999)	\$ 36,193,595	<u>\$</u>	1,256,050

CROOK COUNTY, OREGON INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS



PAULY, ROGERS, AND CO., P.C. 12700 SW 72nd Ave. Tigard, OR 97223 (503) 620-2632 (503) 684-7523 FAX www.paulyrogersandcocpas.com

February 27, 2023

Independent Auditor's Report Required by Oregon State Regulations

We have audited the basic financial statements of Crook County as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and have issued our report thereon dated February 27, 2023. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and Government Auditing Standards.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Crook County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statues as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295)
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions and repayment.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Programs funded from outside sources.
- Highway revenues used for public highways, roads, and streets.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C).
- Schedule of Accountability of Elected Officials
- Programs funded from outside sources

In connection with our testing nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe Crook County was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, except as follows:

- 1. Expenditures of the various funds were within authorized appropriations, except as noted on page 22.
- 2. There was a transaction over \$10,000 where three quotes were not received in accordance with public contract and purchasing law

OAR 162-10-0230 Internal Control

In planning and performing our audit, we considered internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Commissioners, management and the Oregon Secretary of State and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties.

Kenny Allen, CPA

PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C.

Le alle

REPORTS REQUIRED BY FEDERAL AND STATE REGULATIONS

CROOK COUNTY, OREGON SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Assistance Listing Number	Pass Through Organization	Identification Number (s)	Period Covered Ex	kpenditures
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE					
NIC Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women,					
Infants, and Children	10.557	Oregon Health Authority	PE40	7/1/21-9/30/21 \$	50,02
NIC Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women,					
Infants, and Children Fotal WIC Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and	10.557	Oregon Health Authority	PE40	10/1/21-6/30/22 \$	145,82 195,85
Total Department of Agriculture	Ciliuren			<u> </u>	195,85
				<u>, </u>	155,05
DEPARTMENT OF US FEDERAL MINERAL LEASES Non-Sale Disposals of Mineral Material	15.214	Oregon Dept of Administrative Services		\$	5,03
Fotal Department of US Federal Mineral Leases				\$	5,03
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR					
Distribution of Receipts to State and Local Governments	15.227	Oregon Department of Administrative Services		7/1/21-6/30/22 \$	3,71
Total Department of the Interior				\$	3,71
DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE					
Crime Victim Assistance	16.575	Oregon Department of Justice	13	7/1/21-3/30/22 \$	104,12
Child Support Enforcement	93.563	Oregon Department of Justice	15425	7/1/21-6/9/22 \$	105,72
otal Department of Justice				\$	209,84
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION					
Air Improvement Program, COVID-19 Airports Programs,	20.106	Endoral Aviation Administration	2 41 0051 016 2020	9/E/20 9/4/24 ¢	202.13
and Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act Programs Air Improvement Program, COVID-19 Airports Programs,	20.106	Federal Aviation Administration	3-41-0051-016-2020	8/5/20-8/4/24 \$	203,13
and Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act Programs	20.106	Federal Aviation Administration	3-41-0051-018-2020	9/9/20-9/8/24 \$	72,02
otal Air Improvement Program, COVID-19 Airports Programs, and Infrastru			3 41 0031 010 2020	\$	275,16
Total Department of Transportation		_		\$	275,16
DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY					
Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds	21.027		SLT-9220	3/21/21-12/31/24 \$	830,67
otal Department of Treasury				\$	830,67
GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION					
Disposal of Federal Surplus Real Property	39.002	Oregon Department of Administrative Services		\$	
Disposal of Federal Surplus Real Property	39.002	Oregon Department of Administrative Services		\$ \$	
Disposal of Federal Surplus Real Property Total General Services Administration DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			0540	\$	20
Disposal of Federal Surplus Real Property otal General Services Administration	39.002 93.069	Oregon Health Authority	PE 12	7/1/21-6/30/22 \$	61,75
Disposal of Federal Surplus Real Property Total General Services Administration DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Public Health Emergency Preparedness Immunization Cooperative Agreements	93.069 93.268	Oregon Health Authority Oregon Health Authority	PE01-10	7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$	61,75 45,02
Disposal of Federal Surplus Real Property Total General Services Administration DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Public Health Emergency Preparedness Immunization Cooperative Agreements Immunization Cooperative Agreements	93.069	Oregon Health Authority		7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$	61,75 45,02 10,31
Disposal of Federal Surplus Real Property Total General Services Administration DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Public Health Emergency Preparedness Immunization Cooperative Agreements Immunization Cooperative Agreements Total Immunization Cooperative Agreements	93.069 93.268 93.268	Oregon Health Authority Oregon Health Authority Oregon Health Authority	PE01-10 PE43-01	7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ \$ \$	61,75 45,02 10,31 55,34
Disposal of Federal Surplus Real Property Total General Services Administration DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Public Health Emergency Preparedness Immunization Cooperative Agreements Immunization Cooperative Agreements Total Immunization Cooperative Agreements Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC)	93.069 93.268 93.268 93.323	Oregon Health Authority Oregon Health Authority Oregon Health Authority Oregon Health Authority	PE01-10 PE43-01 PE01-07	7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$	61,75 45,02 10,31 55,34 198,37
Disposal of Federal Surplus Real Property Total General Services Administration DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Public Health Emergency Preparedness Immunization Cooperative Agreements Immunization Cooperative Agreements Total Immunization Cooperative Agreements Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC)	93.069 93.268 93.268 93.323 93.323	Oregon Health Authority Oregon Health Authority Oregon Health Authority	PE01-10 PE43-01	7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$	61,75 45,02 10,31 55,34 198,37 2,31
Disposal of Federal Surplus Real Property Total General Services Administration DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Public Health Emergency Preparedness Immunization Cooperative Agreements Immunization Cooperative Agreements Total Immunization Cooperative Agreements Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Subtotal Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC)	93.069 93.268 93.268 93.323 93.323	Oregon Health Authority	PE01-10 PE43-01 PE01-07 PE01-09	7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$	61,75 45,02 10,31 55,34 198,37 2,31 200,68
Disposal of Federal Surplus Real Property Fotal General Services Administration DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Public Health Emergency Preparedness Immunization Cooperative Agreements Immunization Cooperative Agreements Total Immunization Cooperative Agreements Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC)	93.069 93.268 93.268 93.323 93.323	Oregon Health Authority Oregon Health Authority Oregon Health Authority Oregon Health Authority	PE01-10 PE43-01 PE01-07	7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$	61,75 45,02 10,31 55,34 198,37 2,31 200,68 48,81
Disposal of Federal Surplus Real Property Total General Services Administration DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Public Health Emergency Preparedness Immunization Cooperative Agreements Immunization Cooperative Agreements Total Immunization Cooperative Agreements Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Subtotal Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Total Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC)	93.069 93.268 93.268 93.323 93.323	Oregon Health Authority	PE01-10 PE43-01 PE01-07 PE01-09	7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$	61,75 45,02 10,33 55,34 198,33 2,33 200,68 48,83
Disposal of Federal Surplus Real Property Total General Services Administration DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Public Health Emergency Preparedness Immunization Cooperative Agreements Immunization Cooperative Agreements Total Immunization Cooperative Agreements Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Subtotal Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Total Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Strengthening Public Health Systems and Services through Opioid STR	93.069 93.268 93.268 93.323 93.323 LC) (COVID) 93.323	Oregon Health Authority	PE01-10 PE43-01 PE01-07 PE01-09 PE01-08	7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$	61,75 45,02 10,31 55,34 198,37 2,31 200,68 48,81 249,45
Disposal of Federal Surplus Real Property Total General Services Administration DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Public Health Emergency Preparedness Immunization Cooperative Agreements Immunization Cooperative Agreements Total Immunization Cooperative Agreements Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Subtotal Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Total Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Strengthening Public Health Systems and Services through Opioid STR National Partnerships to Improve and Protect the Nation's Health	93.069 93.268 93.268 93.323 93.323 LC) (COVID) 93.323	Oregon Health Authority	PE01-10 PE43-01 PE01-07 PE01-09 PE01-08 PE62 PE04-02	7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$	61,75 45,02 10,31 55,34 198,37 2,31 200,68 48,81 249,45
Disposal of Federal Surplus Real Property Total General Services Administration DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Public Health Emergency Preparedness Immunization Cooperative Agreements Immunization Cooperative Agreements Total Immunization Cooperative Agreements Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Subtotal Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Total Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Total Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Strengthening Public Health Systems and Services through Opioid STR National Partnerships to Improve and Protect the Nation's Health Substance Abuse	93.069 93.268 93.323 93.323 LC) (COVID) 93.323 93.788 93.421 93.959	Oregon Health Authority	PE01-10 PE43-01 PE01-07 PE01-09 PE01-08 PE62 PE04-02 PE36	7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$	61,75 45,02 10,31 55,34 198,37 2,31 200,68 48,81 249,45
Disposal of Federal Surplus Real Property Total General Services Administration DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Public Health Emergency Preparedness Immunization Cooperative Agreements Immunization Cooperative Agreements Total Immunization Cooperative Agreements Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Subtotal Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Total Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Strengthening Public Health Systems and Services through Opioid STR National Partnerships to Improve and Protect the Nation's Health Substance Abuse Sexually Transmitted Diseases (STD) Prevention and Control Grants	93.069 93.268 93.323 93.323 LC) (COVID) 93.323 93.788 93.421 93.959 93.977	Oregon Health Authority	PE01-10 PE43-01 PE01-07 PE01-09 PE01-08 PE62 PE04-02 PE36 PE10-02	7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$	61,75 45,02 10,31 55,34 198,37 2,31 200,68 48,81 249,45 51,55 16,11 44,37 26,45
Disposal of Federal Surplus Real Property Total General Services Administration DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Public Health Emergency Preparedness Immunization Cooperative Agreements Immunization Cooperative Agreements Total Immunization Cooperative Agreements Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Subtotal Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Total Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Strengthening Public Health Systems and Services through Opioid STR National Partnerships to Improve and Protect the Nation's Health Substance Abuse Sexually Transmitted Diseases (STD) Prevention and Control Grants Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States	93.069 93.268 93.323 93.323 LC) (COVID) 93.323 93.788 93.421 93.959 93.977 93.994	Oregon Health Authority	PE01-10 PE43-01 PE01-07 PE01-09 PE01-08 PE62 PE04-02 PE36 PE10-02 PE42-11	7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 5 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$	61,75 45,02 10,31 55,34 198,37 2,31 200,68 48,81 249,45 51,55 16,11 44,37 26,45 20,48
Disposal of Federal Surplus Real Property Total General Services Administration DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Public Health Emergency Preparedness Immunization Cooperative Agreements Immunization Cooperative Agreements Total Immunization Cooperative Agreements Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Subtotal Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Total Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Strengthening Public Health Systems and Services through Opioid STR National Partnerships to Improve and Protect the Nation's Health Substance Abuse Sexually Transmitted Diseases (STD) Prevention and Control Grants	93.069 93.268 93.323 93.323 LC) (COVID) 93.323 93.788 93.421 93.959 93.977	Oregon Health Authority	PE01-10 PE43-01 PE01-07 PE01-09 PE01-08 PE62 PE04-02 PE36 PE10-02	7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$	200 61,75 45,02 10,31 55,34 198,37 2,31 200,68 48,81 249,49 51,55 16,11 44,37 26,45 20,48 10,75
Disposal of Federal Surplus Real Property Total General Services Administration DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Public Health Emergency Preparedness Immunization Cooperative Agreements Immunization Cooperative Agreements Total Immunization Cooperative Agreements Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Subtotal Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Total Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Strengthening Public Health Systems and Services through Opioid STR National Partnerships to Improve and Protect the Nation's Health Substance Abuse Sexually Transmitted Diseases (STD) Prevention and Control Grants Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States Total Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States	93.069 93.268 93.323 93.323 LC) (COVID) 93.323 93.788 93.421 93.959 93.977 93.994	Oregon Health Authority	PE01-10 PE43-01 PE01-07 PE01-09 PE01-08 PE62 PE04-02 PE36 PE10-02 PE42-11	7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$	20 61,75 45,02 10,31 55,34 198,37 2,31 200,68 48,81 249,49 51,55 16,11 44,37 26,45 20,48 10,75 31,23
Disposal of Federal Surplus Real Property Total General Services Administration DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Public Health Emergency Preparedness Immunization Cooperative Agreements Immunization Cooperative Agreements Total Immunization Cooperative Agreements Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Subtotal Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Subtotal Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Total Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Strengthening Public Health Systems and Services through Opioid STR National Partnerships to Improve and Protect the Nation's Health Substance Abuse Sexually Transmitted Diseases (STD) Prevention and Control Grants Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States	93.069 93.268 93.323 93.323 LC) (COVID) 93.323 93.788 93.421 93.959 93.977 93.994	Oregon Health Authority	PE01-10 PE43-01 PE01-07 PE01-09 PE01-08 PE62 PE04-02 PE36 PE10-02 PE42-11	7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$	20 61,75 45,02 10,31 55,34 198,37 2,31 200,68 48,81 249,49 51,55 16,11 44,37 26,45 20,48 10,75 31,23
Disposal of Federal Surplus Real Property Total General Services Administration DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Public Health Emergency Preparedness Immunization Cooperative Agreements Immunization Cooperative Agreements Total Immunization Cooperative Agreements Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Subtotal Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Total Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Strengthening Public Health Systems and Services through Opioid STR National Partnerships to Improve and Protect the Nation's Health Substance Abuse Sexually Transmitted Diseases (STD) Prevention and Control Grants Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States Total Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States	93.069 93.268 93.323 93.323 LC) (COVID) 93.323 93.788 93.421 93.959 93.977 93.994	Oregon Health Authority	PE01-10 PE43-01 PE01-07 PE01-09 PE01-08 PE62 PE04-02 PE36 PE10-02 PE42-11	7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$	20 61,75 45,02 10,31 55,34 198,37 2,31 200,68 48,81 249,49 51,55 16,11 44,37 26,45 20,48 10,75 31,23
Disposal of Federal Surplus Real Property Total General Services Administration DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Public Health Emergency Preparedness Immunization Cooperative Agreements Immunization Cooperative Agreements Total Immunization Cooperative Agreements Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Subtotal Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Total Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Strengthening Public Health Systems and Services through Opioid STR National Partnerships to Improve and Protect the Nation's Health Substance Abuse Sexually Transmitted Diseases (STD) Prevention and Control Grants Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States Total Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States Total Department of Health and Human Services	93.069 93.268 93.323 93.323 LC) (COVID) 93.323 93.788 93.421 93.959 93.977 93.994 93.994	Oregon Health Authority	PE01-10 PE43-01 PE01-07 PE01-09 PE01-08 PE62 PE04-02 PE36 PE10-02 PE42-11 PE42-12	7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ \$ \$	200 200 200 61,755 45,02 10,331 55,34 198,37 2,313 200,66 48,81 249,49 51,555 16,11 44,37 26,45 20,48 10,75 31,23 65,10 36,90
Disposal of Federal Surplus Real Property Total General Services Administration DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Public Health Emergency Preparedness Immunization Cooperative Agreements Immunization Cooperative Agreements Total Immunization Cooperative Agreements Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Subtotal Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Total Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Strengthening Public Health Systems and Services through Opioid STR National Partnerships to Improve and Protect the Nation's Health Substance Abuse Sexually Transmitted Diseases (STD) Prevention and Control Grants Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States Total Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States Total Department of Health and Human Services DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program	93.069 93.268 93.323 93.323 LC) (COVID) 93.323 93.788 93.421 93.959 93.977 93.994 93.994	Oregon Health Authority	PE01-10 PE43-01 PE01-07 PE01-09 PE01-08 PE62 PE04-02 PE36 PE10-02 PE42-11 PE42-12	7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 5 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 5 \$ \$	200 61,75 45,02 10,31 55,34 198,37 2,31 200,68 48,81 249,49 51,55 16,11 44,37 26,45 20,48 10,75 31,23
Disposal of Federal Surplus Real Property Total General Services Administration DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Public Health Emergency Preparedness Immunization Cooperative Agreements Immunization Cooperative Agreements Total Immunization Cooperative Agreements Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Subtotal Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Total Epidemiology and Laboratory Capacity for Infectious Diseases (ELC) Strengthening Public Health Systems and Services through Opioid STR National Partnerships to Improve and Protect the Nation's Health Substance Abuse Sexually Transmitted Diseases (STD) Prevention and Control Grants Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States Total Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States Total Maternal and Child Health Services Block Grant to the States Total Department of Health and Human Services DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant Program Homeland Security Grant Program	93.069 93.268 93.268 93.323 93.323 LC) (COVID) 93.323 93.788 93.421 93.959 93.977 93.994 93.994	Oregon Health Authority	PE01-10 PE43-01 PE01-07 PE01-09 PE01-08 PE62 PE04-02 PE36 PE10-02 PE42-11 PE42-12 SC-19-011 19-221	7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 5 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ 7/1/21-6/30/22 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 10/1/19-10/31/23 \$	61,75 45,02 10,31 55,34 198,37 2,31 200,68 48,81 249,45 51,55 16,11 44,37 26,45 20,48 10,75 31,23 65,10 36,90



PAULY, ROGERS, AND CO., P.C.12700 SW 72nd Ave. ♦ Tigard, OR 97223 (503) 620-2632 ♦ (503) 684-7523 FAX www.paulyrogersandcocpas.com

February 27, 2023

To the County Commissioners Crook County, Oregon

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Crook County as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 27, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Kenneth Allen, CPA Municipal Auditor

PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C



PAULY, ROGERS, AND Co., P.C. 12700 SW 72nd Ave. ♦ Tigard, OR 97223 (503) 620-2632 ♦ (503) 684-7523 FAX www.paulyrogersandcocpas.com

February 27, 2023

To the County Commissioners Crook County, Oregon

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Crook County's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Crook County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Crook County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over
 compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on
 the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other

Kenneth Allen, CPA Municipal Auditor

PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C

CROOK COUNTY

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

SECTION I – SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Type of auditors' report issued: Unmodified Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? yes Significant deficiency(s) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? none reported yes Noncompliance material to financial statemetrs noted? yes Any GAGAS audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported reported in accordance with section 515(d)(2) of the Uniform Guidance? yes **FEDERAL AWARDS** Internal control over major programs: Material weakness(es) identified? yes Significant deficiency(s) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses? none reported yes Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with section 200.516(a) of the Unifrom Guidance? yes **IDENTIFICATION OF MAJOR PROGRAMS** NAME OF FEDERAL PROGRAM CLUSTER CFDA NUMBER 21.027 Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and B programs \$750,000

yes

<u>SECTION II – FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS</u>

None

SECTION III – FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL EXPENDITURES

1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes federal grant activity under programs of the federal government. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations, it is not intended to and does not present the net position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the entity.

2. <u>SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES</u>

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowed or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. The entity has elected to use the ten percent de minimus indirect cost rate as allowed under Uniform Guidance.